



CITY OF SAINT PAUL Melvin Carter, Mayor

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MEMO:

Adopting the Equitable Development Scorecard as an appendix to the West Side Community Plan

To: Saint Paul Planning Commission

From: Comprehensive and Neighborhood Planning Committee

Date: October 16, 2019

Summary

Over the last two years, the West Side Community Organization ("WSCO") developed an Equitable Development Scorecard ("scorecard") to use in evaluating development proposals in District 3. The scorecard enables WSCO members to quantify how well a project fulfills the policies and principles of the West Side Community Plan, an adopted addendum to the City's 2030 Comprehensive Plan. The resulting score can then be used by WSCO in formation of its recommendation to the City when it reviews zoning applications for development proposals in District 3.

Contents

The scorecard is adapted from the Equitable Development Principles & Scorecard developed by the Alliance for Metro Stability and various neighborhood organizations in 2016, adapted by WSCO for the District 3 community.

After introductory comments on community values and the history of the West Side, the body of the scorecard begins with instructions on its usage and a page for basic project information (including whether the project benefits from public investments). Five categories follow – Community Engagement, Equitable Housing, Environment, Economic Development/Land Use, and Transportation. Within each category is a list of WSCO policy goals, the fulfillment of which are rated from 1 to 5. WSCO's policy goals include statements such as "Promotes traffic calming and pedestrian safety. The project prioritizes the routes and paths that pedestrians and bicyclists naturally and easily use" and "Developers have completed a culture and history tour of West Side with a West Side Community Organization member." Points from each policy goal are summed per category and then totaled and divided against the maximum points possible to produce a final percentage score.

The scorecard closes with a glossary of terms, a bibliography, a list of resources, and a template for a Community Benefits Agreement intended to ensure the proper treatment of employees of developer subcontractors.

Linking Language, Process, and Authority

Through the following language in the West Side Community Plan, the City will recognize the scorecard as WSCO's tool for commenting on development proposals seeking City zoning approvals. The following language has been approved by Planning staff and WSCO:

"Appendix A to this Plan is the West Side Community Organization's (WSCO) "Equitable Development Scorecard" which can be submitted to the City by WSCO as its evaluation of development proposals within District 3. The Scorecard's criteria assess the extent to which WSCO finds that principles and practices of local community empowerment, fair and just project operations, environmental justice, and housing affordability are demonstrated by a development proposal. WSCO uses the resultant score to inform its recommendations to the City regarding the development proposal."

The scorecard and its score exist as advisory comments which form WSCO's recommendation to the City. WSCO is free to include any material, including the completed scorecard, when making its recommendation to the City regarding the impact of a development project in District 3. The scorecard and its score are not to be substituted for the findings the City must make when considering zoning applications.

Committee Recommendations

The Comprehensive and Neighborhood Planning Committee recommends the Planning Commission take the following actions:

- Release the Amendment to the West Side Community Plan for public review; and
- Schedule a public hearing regarding the Amendment to the West Side Community Plan for December 6, 2019.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Equitable Development Scorecard
- 2. West Side Community Plan pages 1-4
- 3. WSCO Draft Equitable Development Scorecard Usage Guidelines (not part of scorecard)
- 4. WSCO Draft Scorecard Committee Nomination Form (not part of scorecard)

EQUITABLE DEVELOPMENT SCORECARD





INTRODUCTION

The Equitable Development Scorecard is a tool that will answer the question,

"Who benefits from any new development coming to the West Side?".

This community document ensures that the voices of the residents are centered in decision making processes, while also building community power*. It is used to make sure that the principles and practices of fair and just development, environmental justice, and affordability are applied to our community and that plans for economic development and wealth creation benefit all West Siders.

The West Side has a deep history of sheltering, housing, and being a community for immigrants from around the world. It has been a place where people are able to start fresh and prosper. The West Side community has built on this legacy by leveraging the mosaic of current economic opportunities to benefit our residents. The West Side Community Organization achieves this through support of economic development and land use projects that build wealth and resiliency in our community, diversify and strengthen the local economy, respect our heritage and culture, and revitalize the natural environment.

West Siders frequently have had little say on development moving into the West Side. As a result, community members have been displaced and development did not benefit the community that built the vibrancy, beauty, and history of the West Side. Our hope is that the community's voice is centered in guiding, planning, and shaping economic development through this scorecard. We seek to ensure the traumas of the past are not repeated, and healing practices take place. We dream and envision a West Side community where all residents can experience a healthy, sustainable environment that honors the intersections of social, economic, racial, and environmental justice.

This scorecard can be used in many ways by West Side community members, from scoring a proposed housing development to engaging with all stakeholders (residents, businesses and developers) and creating a community benefits agreement.* Our intention is that it is always held and powered by community members first.

This scorecard was adapted from the Equitable Development Principles & Scorecard created by community organizations throughout the Twin Cities.

Note: Words and phrases with an * are defined in the Glossary.



HISTORY

The West Side is the only St. Paul neighborhood south of the Mississippi River. It has three distinct topographies: the bluffs, the terrace, and the flats. The West Side's identity pre-dates the City of St. Paul. When early merchant ships brought goods north to trade with the first peoples on this land, the Dakota, traders were often told to unload their vessels on the west side of their ships for trading. This area would become Dakota County and St. Paul, in Ramsey County, was established across the river. However, through a settlement over tax trade crossing the bridge into Ramsey County, the City of St. Paul acquired the land from Dakota County, and this area was officially called the "West Side" of St. Paul within Ramsey County.

The West Side was originally inhabited by the Dakota peoples, who live in the area with its diverse natural resources. They were forcibly displaced from the land throughout what is now St. Paul, including the West Side, by northern Europeans in the mid-1800s. French Canadians and New Englanders were the first non-indigenous residents of the Flats, followed by Irish and Germans. Due to political events in Russia, Russian Jews immigrated to the West Side Flats and by 1915, more than 70% of the Flats residents were Jewish. In the twentieth century, non-Jews such as Christian Syrians and Mexican Americans arrived to the Flats in significant numbers.

The Mississippi flooded every spring, directly affecting the Flats and its residents. In 1952, the flood was severe enough to show the vulnerability of frame houses* on a floodplain. In 1956, the city's Port Authority announced the creation of Riverview Industrial Park, which would consume the land of the Flats. As a result of this decision, life for those living on the Flats changed quickly and significantly. In 1961, the city began buying the houses, only to tear them down in 1962. By the end of 1963, all the residents had been displaced from the Flats. In 1964, a flood wall was built. While the flood wall was necessary to protect the Flats, it was built solely to benefit industries rather than restore the families to their homes. The life of the industrial park was short-lived, yet left behind toxic sites that have affected generations.

Today, the West Side continues to be racially, ethnically and economically diverse. According to the Minnesota Compass report, "Planning District 3: West Side Neighborhood" (2018), 55% of West Side residents are people of color. The Metropolitan Council reports 75% of the West Side is an "Area of Concentrated Poverty" which means 40% of the residents have incomes at or below 185% of the federal poverty threshold. The West Side continues the legacy of being a historic immigrant community even today, with one in five residents born outside the United States and over a third (34%) speaking a language other than English at home (ACS 2012-2016). Given these statistics, it is easy to recognize the West Side's vulnerability to those interested in its rich natural resources. We strive to honor the original people of this land by creating a unified vision that protects our environment for future generations. Dakota people would say, 'Mitákuye Oyásin'. We are all related.

ANTI-DISPLACEMENT AND ANTI-GENTRIFICATION

The core question asked in the West Side Equitable Development Scorecard is "Who decides and who benefits." When new developments and investment come into our community especially ones that seem to benefit our neighborhood, but we don't address the social and economic impacts of these developments, we risk losing our neighbors and neighborhoods to gentrification. What does that mean? Some key principles of gentrification are:

Disinvestment: failed support, whether intentional or unintentional, of neighborhoods through little to no funds and development opportunities, as well as practices of extraction. It also looks like development of industries that poison the earth, air, and water. We realize that displacement is a result of rising rents and stagnant wages, gentrification happens if we don't protect workers and regulate rising housing costs.

Property Values: lack of institutional support, neighborhoods may be considered "rundown", "unsafe", or "undesirable" so property values in these neighborhoods are lower than other neighborhoods, which in turn makes communities profitable to developers

Displacement: Developers, banks, and governments start to re-invest in disinvested neighborhoods, and higher income households move in and the current, lower income residents can no longer afford housing and/or lose businesses and cultural resources

Disparate impact: New, lower income community members can no longer afford to move into these neighborhoods, this can be known as exclusionary displacement.

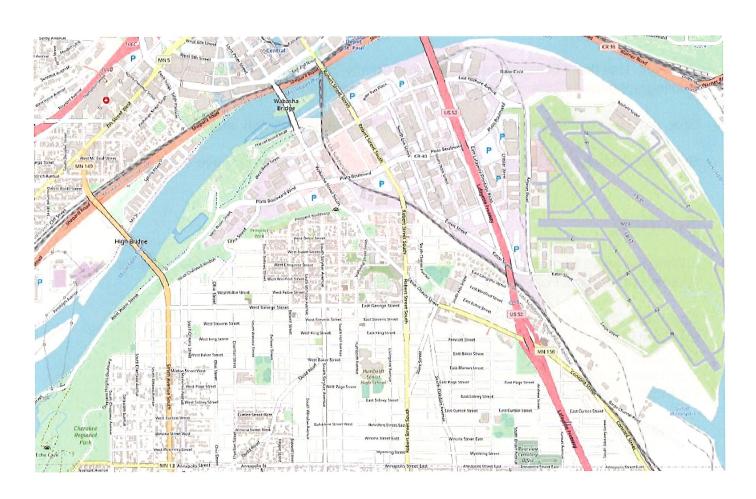
Investment without displacement, and work of anti-displacement is investing and protecting family wage jobs, affordable, safe, and dignified housing with access to resources that fulfill our basic needs.

Gentrification centers short term profit over the health and wellbeing of low income communities and communities of color. It also places short term profit over the wellbeing of our land, water and air. Gentrification also commodifies housing, community, and culture.

Our communities deserve investment without displacement. Investment that allows for our neighborhoods to flourish while preserving our neighbors, and expanding our neighborhood where people call home.



Map of the West Side of Saint Paul



INSTRUCTIONS

Using the Scorecard

Step #1: Fill out the Project information on the next page. Then turn to page 6.

Step #2: Customize each Equitable Development Principle's scoring criteria according to your community's priorities. Not all criteria may apply to your community or project. You should tailor this Scorecard to be relevant to your specific purpose(s) and area. Feel free to take notes in the empty space and add, change, or put NA (not applicable) for items in the scale that do not apply to your community or project.

Step #3: Use the "Glossary" section to clear up any questions of content or definition. The "Bibliography" and "Other Resources" sections contain links to supporting documents.

Step #4: Hold conversations with your group around each criterion, and give each one a score.

Step #5: Add up all of the scores below for the Final Score, and you have completed the Scorecard.

Scoring

o o o i i i g
1.Write the score from each section below, along with the maximum possible score for the section. (Points Earned/Max Possible)
Equitable Community Engagement Practices Score / 40 Equitable Housing Practices Score / 35 Equitable Environmental Practices Score / 50 Equitable Economic Development and Land Use Practices Score / 40 Equitable Transportation Practices Score / 40
2. Add up all of the above scores to get a Total/ 205 Total (Points Earned/Max Possible)
3. Turn the Total into a Final Score. Divide the total Points Earned by the Max Possible

Write the Final Score here:

/100

PROJECT

Project/Plan Name:
Location of Project/Plan:
Is the project part of a bigger land use plan? (circle) Y / N If yes, please attach plan
Public Investments(s): □ Public Subsidy Funding amount and source □ Tax abatement amount and source □ Public land sale and amount □ Zoning changes/variances □ Infrastructure improvements (sewer/water, street, sidewalk, etc.) □ Other:
Developer:
Developer Contact Info:
Public Agency:
Public Agency Contact Info:
Other Stakeholders:
Description of the Project:

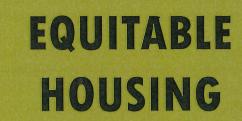
Community Profile (demographics-please attach additional information to the Scorecard)

Equitable community engagement occurs when community members most affected are involved in the development process. On the West Side these communities may include low wealth people, people of color, indigenous people, people living with disabilities, families, senior citizens, and new immigrants. Additionally, it is important that neighborhood groups and community organizations are engaged in development projects. Impacts of effective community engagement may include community healing, reclaiming a healthy identity, reconnection with culture and spirituality, building relationships, and embracing individual and collective power.



/ 40 Add up scores below for Community Engagement		
SCORE	Give each score on a scale of 1 (low) to 5 (high)	
/5	a. Project was started by the community, or developers and planners partnered with the community to develop their community engagement plan BEFORE the project starts.	
/5	b. Developers involve community members within the first 30 days of the planning process. Engagement during pre-planning process scores additional points.	
/5	c. Developers have completed a culture and history tour of West Side with a West Side Community Organization member.	
/5	d. Throughout the project, or when significant changes occur, developers and planners engage with community members and respond to community priorities.	
/5	e. The community's vision for a project is created or approved by a group of residents that reflect the current populations of the West Side.	
/5	f. Development connects to, highlights, and respects community characteristics, local history, points of interest, and key features.	
/5	g. Development promotes qualities of a vibrant community - social connections, education, health, arts and culture, and safety.	
/5	h. The plan and project include the community's goals, priorities, and criteria for growth and reinvestment. Resource: West Side Community Organization Ten-year plan.	8

We want to ensure that all development makes affordable housing* a priority. Equitable housing practices are important because when individuals and families have affordable, quality, and stable housing, they can make important choices about healthy food, health care, child care, education and other economic decisions without having to sacrifice other needs that impact livability.



/ 35 Add up scores below for Equitable Housing Practices		
SCORE	Give each score on a scale of 1 (low) to 5 (high)	
/5	Project offers rental housing options appropriate to development site (commercial or residential), incorporating options for mixed income housing.	
/5	b. Development supports mixed income housing. This includes proposed projects on the West Side outside of the original plan area. Resource: West Side Master Flats Plan	
/5	c. Project increases the number of affordable units to people at 30% of Area Median Income.*	
/5	d. Project and project materials matches the cultural landscape* of the neighborhood.	
/5	e. At least 20% of the project's units are affordable to current West Side households at or below 50% Area Median Income.	
/5	f. Project supports a range of household types or life stages that are dignified, safe, and designed with durable materials.	
/5	Developer Lease Agreement defines provisions for rent increases that assure the designated affordable housing units are maintained for at least 15 years (i.e residents who are at or below 50% of the area median income are not charged more than 30% of their income)	

A key feature in our neighborhood is the Mississippi River. It creates a clear boundary, invites business, and offers recreation and opportunities to enjoy the outdoors. Development should be made with the existing community and the environment in mind. We are working towards a West Side where development and environmental justice go hand in hand, so all of our residents benefit from a healthy and sustainable environment.

ENVIRONMENT

10

/ 50 Add up scores below for Environment		
SCORE	Give each core on a scale of 1 (low) to 5 (high)	
/ 5	a. Development plans include cleaning or repairing any negative environmental impacts* caused by development. Impacts include, but are not limited to, pollution of air, water, or soil; waste removal; replanting exposed soil to prevent erosion.	
/5	b. Development preserves public access to the river for all residents and no trail use will be restricted. Development does not disturb natural beauty of the riverfront or wetlands. Resource: West Side Flats Master Plan	
/5	c. Development promotes or maintains access to green spaces across the West Side. Any green space disturbed by development is replaced or restored.	
/5	d. Project's designed environment uses native plants and grasses, while removing and/or discouraging invasive plant species. It uses plants that are friendly to bees and butterflies, captures rainwater and prevents soil erosion.	
/5	e. Both new building and repair/improvement of existing structures use environmentally friendly and energy-efficient materials. Resource: Relative Energy Score and Energy Star	
/5	f. Development goal is zero waste production. Recycling and composting options will be mandatory.	
/ 5	g. Project is designed to make walking, biking, and the use of public transit simple, safe, and connected to the neighborhood. Resource: Complete Streets Design*	
/5	h. Management of property uses environmentally friendly practices and maintenance.	
/5	i. Design includes environmentally-responsible, resource-efficient materials and processes throughout the project's life span.	
/5	j. Project creates opportunities for green industry* to thrive on the West Side.	

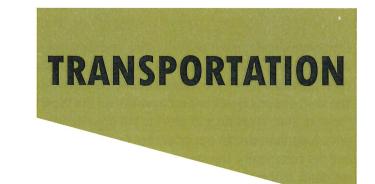
Economic development opportunities and land use on the West Side should reflect residents and small business of the West Side as a priority. Equitable economic development and land use positively impact livability on the West Side. Projects should create and provide job opportunities that drive long-term wealth opportunities for individual residents and the community. Upward mobility* for the low-income residents and residents of color in the West Side is essential for economic justice*.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT/LAND USE

____ / 40 Add up scores below for Economic Development and Land Use Practices

SCORE	Give each score on a scale of 1 (low) to 5 (high)
/5	a. New capital and investment opportunities are created to promote local small business development, arts/cultural-based businesses, and entrepreneurial opportunities, especially for women and people of color. These opportunities include affordable rental spaces for new businesses and skill-building for residents interested in starting their own business.
/ 5	b. A diverse array of businesses owned by people of color are created and provide job opportunities for full-time employment of diverse skill sets.
/5	c. Lease agreements give priority to neighborhood business opportunities.
/5	d. Developers use workforce/education programs, such as HUD Section 3*, to connect residents to jobs and long-term employment and offers West Side residents first chance at these opportunities.
/ 5	e. Developers give local community preference when hiring consultants, contractors, sub-contractors and developers.
/5	f. Public funding decisions reward applicants who ensure that workers have living wage* jobs with benefits and the right to organize for labor agreements without fear of retaliation. Contractors must agree to sign the Sub-contractor Certification (see Exhibit A).
/5	g. Project will ensure that there is a community-supported plan to maintain neighborhood affordability and avoid cultural and physical displacement.
/5	h. Design contributes to distinct identities of local cultural heritage* through the presence, preservation, or addition of architectural assets with a Universal Design*. 11

Equitable transportation practices require walkable, livable, and affordable land use practices to ensure healthy living for the low-income residents and residents of color in the West Side. With its unique land patterns, traveling through the West Side can be a challenge, regardless of transportation method. Connections to other parts of the city and access to regional transportation systems is limited due to the neighborhood's physical location and the overall transit infrastructure. Priority must be given to creating a more connected West Side.



CCODE	Add up scores below for Transportation
SCORE	Give each score on a scale of 1 (low) to 5 (high)
/5	a. Project increases connections to all modes of public transit and makes walking, biking, and public transit an easy choice.
/5	b. Project improves the public transportation infrastructure. Development includes transit benefits such as shade trees and other shade options, trash cans, places to sit, appropriate lighting, etc.
/5	c. Promotes traffic calming and pedestrian safety. The project prioritizes the routes and paths that pedestrians and bicyclists naturally and easily use.
/5	d. Development is recommended to be within a quarter mile of transit lines, promoting multi-modal access to green and other community spaces.
/5	e. Parking accommodates bicycle use and storage, and does not limit access or passage to pedestrians and people with disabilities. Project encourages people to walk, bike, and/or use public transit.
/ 5	f. Presence of GPS, other wayfinding systems, and mapping information for pedestrians, bicyclists, and transit users is provided. Transit information must be available in the predominant languages used on the West Side, with multi-language signage.
/5	g. Developers commit to long term maintenance of transit stops and corners, such as snow clearance, tree trimming, clearing access to transit for people with disabilities.
/5	h. Attractive, comfortable, accessible transit facilities are available or provided.

GLOSSARY

Affordability: When a household can pay for something without having to sacrifice other basic needs. Housing is affordable, for example, when it requires no more than 30% of a family's monthly income.

Area Median Income (AMI): The median income for a specific area, which means that half of the people there earn above that, and half earn below. Income categories included: Extremely low income = 30% AMI; Very-low income = 50% AMI; Low-income = 60% AMI; and moderate income = 80% AMI

Complete Streets: Transportation policy and design approach that requires streets to be planned, designed, operated, and maintained to enable safe, convenient, and comfortable travel and access for users of all ages and abilities regardless of their mode of transportation.

Community Benefits Agreement: Contract signed by community groups, government and developer that requires the developer to provide specific amenities and/or mitigations to the local community or neighborhood.

Community Power: Means that true decision making power is given to communities that live, work, or have cultural connections to the land in the areas that will be impacted by the project.

Cultural Heritage: An expression of the ways of living developed by a community and passed on from generation to generation, including customs, practices, places, objects, artistic expressions and values. Cultural Heritage is often expressed as either Intangible or Tangible Cultural Heritage.

Cultural landscapes: Landscapes that have been affected, influenced, or shaped by human involvement.

Displacement: Developers, banks, and government start to re-invest in disinvested neighborhoods, new and different business open, and higher income households move in. Current lower income residents can no longer afford housing and/or lose businesses and cultural resources that were important to the character and social networks of their communities.

GLOSSARY

Economic Justice: Encompasses the moral principles which guide us in designing our economic institutions. To free each person to engage creatively in the unlimited work beyond economics, that of the mind and the spirit.

Environmental Impact: Possible adverse effects caused by a development, industrial, or infrastructural project or by the release of a substance in the environment.

Equity: Just and fair inclusion where all can participate and prosper. (PolicyLink, 2015)

Equitable Development: Happens when low-income communities and communities of color participate in and benefit from investments that shape their neighborhoods and regions, creating healthy, vibrant communities of opportunity.

Frame House: a house constructed with a skeleton framework of timber, as the ordinary wooden house.

Green Industry: Green industry does not harm the environment and provides products or services related to renewable energy, increased energy efficiency, clean transportation and fuels, agriculture and natural (water) resource conservation, and pollution prevention or environmental cleanup. [Based on definition by Indiana Business Review]

HUD Section 3: The Section 3 program requires that recipients of certain HUD financial assistance, to the greatest extent possible, provide training, employment, contracting and other economic opportunities to low- and very low-income persons, especially recipients of government assistance for housing, and to businesses that provide economic opportunities to low- and very low-income persons.

Living Wage: The amount of income needed to provide a decent standard of living. It should pay for the cost of living in any location.

Livability: The sum of the factors that add up to an individual, family, and/or community's quality of life - including the built and natural environments; economic prosperity; social stability; equity, and capital; educational opportunity; and cultural, entertainment and recreation possibilities. (Partners for Livable Communities, 2015).

GLOSSARY

Mixed income housing: Diverse types of housing units, such as apartments, townhomes, and/or single-family homes for a people with a range of income levels.

Universal Design: The design of buildings, products or environments to make them accessible to all people, regardless of age, disability or other factors.

Upward Mobility: The capacity or facility for rising to a higher social or economic position.



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Green Industry Initiative https://www.unido.org/our-focus/cross-cutting-services/green-industry/green-industry-initiative

How Much Do You Need To Live? Kimberly Amadeo - https://www.thebalance.com/living-wage-3305771

Abbott Park. About Cultural Landscapes https://tclf.org/places/about-cultural-landscapes

What Is Cultural Heritage http://www.cultureindevelopment.nl/Cultural_Heritage/What_is_Cultural_Heritage

OTHER RESOURCES

West Side 10-year Plan: The document works to plan and prioritize improvements for the neighborhood by identifying needs, articulating priorities, and steering the changes, policies and investments initiated by developers, by the City and its agencies, and by local institutions and stakeholders. https://www.stpaul.gov/DocumentCenter/View4/62967.pdf

West Side Flats Master Plan: The purpose of the West Side Flats Master Plan & Development Guidelines is to guide future private development and public infrastructure projects in the West Side Flats area. https://www.stpaul.gov/sites/default/files/Media%20Root/Planning%20%26%20Economic%20Development/WSFMP_FINAL_121715_Web.pdf

Equitable Development Scorecard & Principles: The Scorecard was created by Twin Cities, MN community leaders to ensure that the principles and practices of equitable development, environmental justice, and affordability are applied in all communities as they plan for economic development and wealth creation that benefits everyone.https://www.metrotransit.org/Data/Sites/1/media/equity/equitable-development-scorecard.pdf

Equitable Development Scorecard & Principles, TRANSPORTATION Edition: In the Twin Cities, many people frequently walk, bike, roll and/or use public transit because of personal choice, economic need, physical disability or for many other reasons. This Scorecard centers these community members. https://cyclesforchange.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/Co-py-of-Equitable-development-scorecard-final-July-2018.pdf

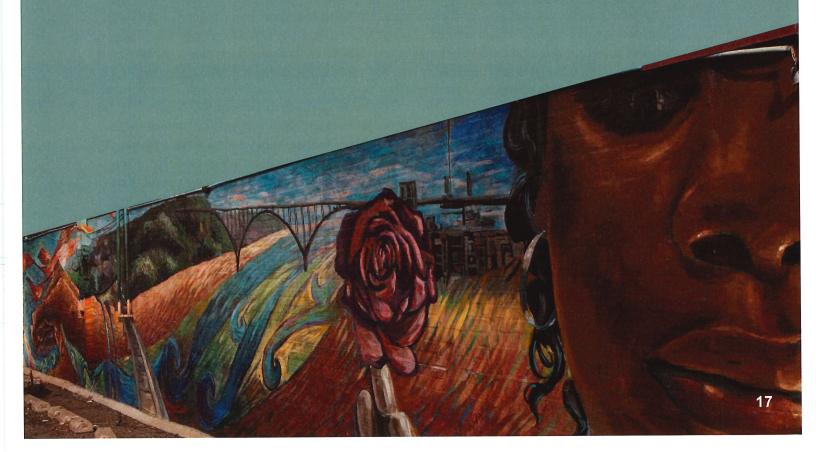


Exhibit A

Subcontractor Certification

EXHIBIT [] TO SUBCONTRACT AGREEMENT

SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION

- A. <u>No Undocumented Employees.</u> Subcontractor certifies that Subcontractor does not knowingly employ any undocumented employees.
- B. Wage Enforcement. Subcontractor shall report, and shall require its Sub-subcontractors to report, all complaints or adverse determinations of wage theft or payroll fraud against Subcontractor or its Sub-subcontractors to Contractor within seven (7) days of notification of the complaint or adverse determination. If an adverse decision is rendered against the Subcontractor, Contractor may terminate the Contract or exercise any other remedy under the Subcontractor or available under applicable law, including the right to withhold amounts otherwise owed to Subcontractor to protect Contractor against damage that may be incurred by Contractor. Subcontractor certifies that there has not been any adverse determination against Subcontractor within the proceeding 3-year period for wage theft or payroll fraud.
- C. <u>Worker's Compensation.</u> Subcontractor and its Sub-subcontractors and legal representatives shall comply with all laws, rules, regulations, and orders governing worker's compensation insurance. Subcontractor agrees to procure and maintain worker's compensation insurance as required by the Subcontract and applicable law.
- D. <u>Combating Trafficking in Persons.</u> Subcontractor shall comply with FAR § 52.222-50, requiring the Contractor to notify employees of the Government's "zero tolerance" policy towards trafficking in persons and to take action against employees or subcontractors that violate the policy. Subcontractor agrees that it will not engage in any unlawful trafficking of persons and will take all commercially reasonable measures to prevent and protect against the trafficking of persons by Subcontractor and its employees.
- E. <u>Human Rights.</u> Subcontractor shall conduct its activities in a manner that respects human rights as set out in The United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Subcontractor shall not use any form of child, slave, forced, bonded, indentured, or involuntary labor, including prison labor. Subcontractor shall not engage in human trafficking or exploitation, or import goods that have been manufactured, procured, produced, or transported by slavery or human trafficking. Subcontractor shall not retain employees' government-issued identification, passports or work permits as a condition of employment.
- F. <u>Wages and Benefits.</u> Subcontractor shall ensure that its workers are paid lawful wages, including overtime, premium pay, and equal pay for equal work without discrimination. There shall be no disciplinary deductions from pay. No cash payments to workers will be permitted.

- G. <u>Non-Discrimination</u>. Subcontractor shall ensure that no person shall on the grounds of race, color, religions, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, handicap, familial status, or national origin be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any scope of work carried out by Subcontractor or any of its lower-tier subcontractors or labor suppliers.
- H. <u>Flow-Down.</u> Subcontractor shall require all lower-tier subcontractors and labor suppliers to certify compliance with the terms of this Exhibit.
- I. <u>Certification.</u> Subcontractor agrees that execution of the subcontract constitutes a certification on the part of the Subcontractor that it is compliant with all of the representations and requirements set forth in this Exhibit and that Subcontractor will remain in compliance with all terms of this Exhibit. Subcontractor agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold Contractor harmless from and against all damages, expenses, costs, claims, and liabilities (including attorneys' fees) suffered by Contractor as a result of Subcontractor's failure to comply with this Exhibit.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this Certificate as of the date of the Subcontract Agreement

Subcontractor	':	
		 _
Ву:		
Name:		
14		



Thank you to the many community members who comprised the drafting team and gave countless hours drafting, and revising this scorecard. Thank you to the community team that led the West Side engagement and input sessions throughout our neighborhood, giving up a year of evenings and weekends." Thank you to all those who fearlessly shared their lived experiences with homelessness, and being priced out of this community. Finally, thank you to the WSCO staff, community leaders and board of Directors for bringing this tool to life.

209 Page Street West Saint Paul, MN 55107 (651) 293-1708 info@wsco.org







The West Side Community Plan

An Addendum to the Saint Paul Comprehensive Plan

Recommended by the Saint Paul Planning Commission on 1/11/2013

Adopted by the Saint Paul City Council on 2/6/2013

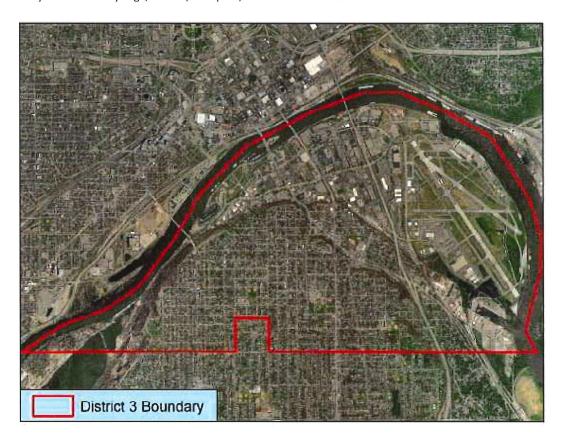
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Housing 10	Roxanne Young - REDA
Environment, Natural, and Water Resources	<u>Planning Consultant</u> Antonio Rosell - C-D-G Andrea Jasken Baker
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S Community Economic Development	Lucy Thompson - PED Scott Tempel -PED
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Cover photo
Community Design Group
Photos
Special thanks to West Siders Marina
Castillo-Knut and Robert Ferguson for
providing photos of the neighborhood.

Study Area

The West Side neighborhood is bordered by Annapolis Street to the south and the Mississippi River on all other sides, excluding one section outside city limits bound by Page, Bidwell, Annapolis, and Charlton Streets.



West Side Community Plan

An Addendum to the Saint Paul Comprehensive Plan - page 1

Purpose of the Plan

The document works to plan and prioritize improvements for the neighborhood by identifying needs, articulating priorities, and steering the changes, policies and investments initiated by developers, by the City and its agencies, and by local institutions and stakeholders.

Adopted by the City Council in 2012, the West Side Community Plan is a formal addendum to the City of Saint Paul's Comprehensive Plan.









SCORECARD USAGE

West Side Equitable Development Scorecard Usage Guidelines:

When to use the scorecard:

- Anytime City or public funding is used for development on the West Side (zip code 55107).
 - Possibly used for privately funded projects.
- Anytime more than a single lot is used for development on the West Side.
- Anytime a West Side community member goes through the request process for the full scorecard to be applied to a development on the West Side, and the request is approved by West Side Voices Forum voting members.

How to use the scorecard:

Recruitment / Orientation Process:

- A Core Scorecard Review Group of 2 persons representing each geographic precincts of the West Side (8 total people) are elected every two years. Elections occur at West Side Voices Forum meetings by voting members.
- The Core Scorecard Review Group is a 2 year commitment with a stipend provided and estimated weekly / monthly hours required. Application form and review process will be overseen by current Scorecard committee members.
- These persons should be familiar with and have an understanding of the spirit of the intended use for the scorecard, and its purposes. WSCO staff and Scorecard leaders will train newly elected members to the Core Scorecard Review Group utilising an Orientation including intersection with City of Saint Paul zoning, Department of Safety and Inspections, and Planning and Economic Development. For all projects the goal is to have representation from all Westside Precincts if possible.
- For each project requiring scorecard use, the core team will contact the people/ groups/ communities that will be impacted by the project / development.
- The core team will also reach out to the developer to share info on the scorecard and work with them through any questions on how to apply the scoring process to their project.

Scoring Process:

- Each project team member fills out the scorecard individually and the team combined scores are averaged (median) to produce a team result for the project. Team can discuss and revise results after individual scores are tallied.
- If scores from developer differ widely from community score this will be addressed with developer to
 open a conversation, towards understanding and possible community benefits agreements. The
 process of discussion and response may result in scorecard project team issuing revised scoring if
 some or all issues are resolved. The project team sets a deadline with developer to conclude
 discussion and move on to WSV Forum presentation.





How to use the scorecard Continued:

Presentation and Voting Process:

- Core Scorecard Review Group presents Final scores before West Side Voices Forum or a community conversation with developer.
- Following presentation and discussion voting members of the West Side Voices Forum will vote utilizing the Fist of Five method (as described below) to approve, adjust, or disapprove each criterion section (i.e. Community Engagement, Housing, Environmental etc). Results are summarized as a report to developer and the City of Saint Paul.

How to ground the scoring at the West Side Voices Forum Meetings:

- The Fist of Five method will be used in scoring each criterion section with an 80% approval applied to votes of 3 and above. (Resource: https://agileforall.com/learning-with-fist-of-five-voting/)
 - o 0 fingers (fist)- No way, terrible plan, I will not go along with it.
 - o 1 finger I have serious reservations the plan for this, I am open to discussion but we'd need to resolve the concerns before I'll support it.
 - o 2 fingers: I have some concerns that need to be resolved before I'd support this part of the plan.
 - 3 fingers: I will support the plan.
 - 4 fingers: I like this plan, sounds good.
 - 5 fingers: Absolutely, best plan ever!
- Criterions with a score of 2 or less will need to be addressed before a development is supported.
 Unaddressed issues may result in a community call to action.

https://www.wsco.org/equitable_development_scorecard



SCORECARD COMMITTEE NOMINATION FORM

Equitable Development Scorecard Committee Nomination Form:

What is the Scorecard

The Equitable Development Scorecard outlines our neighborhood's priorities, goals, and values. The community will score each development proposal, to ensure that it aligns with our goals. Which are: affordable housing, local jobs, and a healthy, safe, and equitable neighborhood. YOUR values and priorities will be reflected in this community document.

Why is it important?

The West Side neighborhood has historically been disinvested in and our voices have not been heard (click here for proof). The Scorecard will be used to ensure that any development that comes to the West Side BENEFITS you and our neighborhood.

How will it be used?

The Scorecard will be added to our District Council 10 Year Plan at City Hall and as a Small Area Plan for the West Side. Any developer who files a development proposal for our area will answer the questions laid out in the scorecard to be scored and then work with the community to ensure their development plans fit with our values & priorities for our neighborhood.

We are generally looking for persons who:

- Can commit to the mission and values of the West Side Community Organization
- Who understand organizing and grassroots activism
- Can commit to attending meetings; serving on active committees and/or joining ad hoc work groups.
- Can juggle the dual demands of representing a constituency and acting on behalf of the broader West Side.
- Having the ability to think outside the box and be inclusive of other issue areas the fund supports for the good of the overall community.
- Can commit to serve on the committee for a minimum of two years.

Name of Nominee:	SCORECARD
Address:	COMMITTEE
	NOMINATION FORM
Phone:	
H: W:	
C: Email Address:	

We ask that nominees submit a short paragraph describing their interest in joining the committee as well as their ability to bring experience in one or more of the following areas:

Equitable Community Engagement: occurs when community members most affected are involved in the development process. On the West Side these communities may include low wealth people, people of color, indigenous people, people living with disabilities, families, senior citizens, and new immigrants. Additionally, it is important that neighborhood groups and community organizations are engaged in development projects. Impacts of effective community engagement may include community healing, reclaiming a healthy identity, reconnection with culture and spirituality, building relationships, and embracing individual and collective power.

Equitable Housing: We want to ensure that all development makes affordable housing* a priority. Equitable housing practices are important because when individuals and families have affordable, quality, and stable housing, they can make important choices about healthy food, health care, child care, education and other economic decisions without having to sacrifice other needs that impact livability. **Environment:** A key feature in our neighborhood is the Mississippi River. It creates a clear boundary, invites business, and offers recreation and opportunities to enjoy the outdoors. Development should be

invites business, and offers recreation and opportunities to enjoy the outdoors. Development should be made with the existing community and the environment in mind. We are working towards a West Side where development and environmental justice go hand in hand, so all of our residents benefit from a healthy and sustainable environment.

Economic Development/LandUse: Economic development opportunities and land use on the West Side should reflect residents and small business of the West Side as a priority. Equitable economic development and land use positively impact livability on the West Side. Projects should create and provide job opportunities that drive long-term wealth opportunities for individual residents and the community. Upward mobility* for the low-income residents and residents of color in the West Side is essential for economic justice*.

Transportation: Equitable transportation practices require walkable, livable, and affordable land use practices to ensure healthy living for the low-income residents and residents of color in the West Side. With its unique land patterns, traveling through the West Side can be a challenge, regardless of transportation method. Connections to other parts of the city and access to regional transportation systems is limited due to the neighborhood's physical location and the overall transit infrastructure. Priority must be given to creating a more connected West Side.

Describe your interest in joining the committee as well as your ability to bring experience in one or more of the areas described on the previous page:

SCORECARD COMMITTEE NOMINATION FORM

I self identify as:	
Ethnicity	
Age	
Gender	
Class	
Ability	
LGBTQ/straight	
Number of years on the West Side	
Area of Neighborhood	
Renter or homeowner	
Mode of transportation	
Other	
Community Organizing and Issue E	Experience:
Environment	
Arts/Media	
Immigrant	
Housing	
Disabilities	
Community led Decision-making	
Organizing	
Union/Labor	
Women	
GLBTQ	
City Planing	
Other Organizational Affiliations:	