	OFFICIAL			1				1
	COMMENT			Lang.				
	NOV 2 - JAN			Chng?				
	11 <u>Source</u>	<u>Chapter</u>	General Comments	(Y/N)	<u>Notes</u>	Staff Recommendation	Pg #	CNPC Recommendation
			All maps should clearly show which spaces are parklands and cemeteries. It is		Maps IN-1 through IN-11 should show			
	Nancy O'Brien		misleading to not differentiate these spaces when outlining things like "poverty rates"		parks and open space areas on the	Add parks and open spaces to Maps IN-		
32	Wagner	General	or "households with out cars."	Y	base.	1 through IN-11.	15-27	Agree
	Nancy O'Brien Wagner	General	Since the bulk of St. Paul's infrastructure and neighborhoods were established by 1950, it would be useful to have a graph showing population per decade from 1950-2018, with estimated growth for next thirty years. Also – show decreasing household size numbers. We still have a lower population than we did then – if more people understood that, plus the lower household sizes, public conversations about density and growth (or re-population) would be better.	Y	We agree that this is useful information.	Add charts on population and household size to Appendix A in Introduction chapter.	14	Agree
55	Wagnet	General					14	
	Center for Economic Inclusion	General	The Center advocates that all municipalities incorporate the following elements into their comprehensive plans: 1. A goal to develop a racially equitable economy; 2. Data analysis, consistently disaggregated by race, to identify racial disparities in access to affordable housing, transit, living wage jobs and economic development; 3. Policies and strategies specifically designed to close the identified racial disparities; 4. A commitment to evaluating the impact of these policies and strategies on people of color, and to adapting those policies and strategies based on that evaluation.	Y	Equitable economic development is a core City value. The City's current efforts around community wealth- building are, at their heart, geared towards equitable economic development. The City will work on metrics to monitor the impact of the Comprehensive Plan's policies on people of color, so that our success at meeting our equity goals can be better assessed.	Add a short-term item to Implementation: <u>Prepare a</u> <u>comprehensive, city-wide economic</u> <u>development strategy, with a focus on</u> <u>racial equity. It should include local-</u> <u>scaled topics, such as Neighborhood</u> <u>Nodes, as well as regional issues, such</u> <u>as transit and workforce development.</u>		Add a short-term item to Implementation: <u>Prepare a</u> <u>comprehensive, city-wide</u> <u>economic development</u> <u>strategy, with a focus on racial</u> <u>equity. It should include local-</u> <u>scaled topics, such as</u> <u>Neighborhood Nodes, as well</u> <u>as regional issues, such as</u> <u>transit and workforce</u> <u>development.</u> This may or may not be a chapter of the Comprehensive Plan.
	Center for Economic Inclusion	General	Re: Goal - It is significant that the City of Saint Paul has recognized equity as a challenge and opportunity, a theme, and a core value in the draft plan. The Center encourages the comprehensive plan to go further by including a specific goal for creating a more racially equitable economy. It is important to have a goal because it helps to focus policies, drive implementation and structure accountability through evaluation.	Y	A goal for a racially- equitable economy is better suited to an economic development strategy.	Add a short-term item to Implementation: <u>Prepare a</u> <u>comprehensive, city-wide economic</u> <u>development strategy, with a focus on</u> <u>racial equity. It should include local-</u> <u>scaled topics, such as Neighborhood</u> <u>Nodes, as well as regional issues, such</u> <u>as transit and workforce development.</u>		Agree
	Andrew Singer	General	Then you don't define "equity". Do you mean "equity between modes" (bike, pedestrian, transit, car)?or do you mean racial equity as in "we have to prioritize this project because it's in a largely Hmong or African American neighborhood"? This is important because, as written, "Safety and equity" are more important than "maintenance" or the age of a given piece of infrastructure.	Y	We mean racial and social equity.	Amend T-1 to read: Prioritize safety and racial and social equity benefits in project selection, followed by support		Agree

127	Payne-Phalen Community Council		64. On the matter of organization, one more! The work in that came of this project is excellent. It can be completely exhilarating, but let's face it, it can be truly exhausting. PED staff and a group of commissioners has been hard at it for at least four years now. Four years! It's a team effort, but members of the team, key authors, analysts, and internal reviewers and all of the internal allies who provided substantive guidance and help along the way deserve some very well-earned credit! You deserve to take a bow. You deserve a curtain call. And you know that there is a particularly low-key way that that is done in the public sector. In other words: Include an acknowledgements page!	Y	There will be one in the next draft.	Add Acknowledgments page.	Agree
158	District 1 Land Use Committee	Housing	pg. 114: H-22, add "Any promotion of housing ownership will be done with a racial justice lens and with an eye to remedy of historic housing discrimination."	Y	Metropolitan Council's Areas of Racially Concentrated Poverty to Saint Paul. Page 110 and Page 164 in Appendix A	Add a reference to historic housing discrimination to H-20. Add an Implementation item to study the history of housing discrimination in Saint Paul to fully understand how it has influenced housing choice and opportunity.	Amend H-20 to read: Collaborate with partner agencies, lenders and the real estate industry to reduce racial disparities in homeownership that could be attributed to unequal access to fair lending, or intentional steering to specirfic neighborhoods <u>or</u> <u>historic housing discrimination</u> . Add a Short-Term item in the Housing Chapter Implementation chart to rtead: <u>Study the extent and impact of</u> <u>historic housing discrimination</u> <u>in Saint Paul.</u> Add to the end of the second-to-the-last paragraph on p. 7: <u>Into the</u> <u>future, overcoming the effects</u> <u>of historic housing</u> <u>discrimination is a challenge</u> <u>and an opportunity to build</u> <u>community wealth for all Saint</u> <u>Paul residents.</u>
159	District 1 Land Use Committee		pg. 116: H-26, add an acknowledgement that the City is aware that tenant rights need additional support and will work to increase them.	Y	DSI conducts landlord training sessions. There is an existing State of Minnesota Tenant Remedies Act.	Revise Policy H-26 by replacing the word "Create" with "I <u>ncrease</u> ."	Agree

					Γ	TT	,
	District 1 Land Use Committee	Housing	Add a new policy that reads "encourage landlord education on topics of affordable housing options including the acceptance of Section 8 vouchers."	Y	The City Council adopted a resolution in July 2018 asking City staff to explore ordinances to reduce barriers to finding rental housing, including increasing acceptance of Housing Choice Vouchers. This work is underway.	awareness around tenant and landlord	Agree
182	Jason Peterson	Housing	While I am very excited for the creation of the Housing Trust Fund and the initial investment into this fund, at this time, there is no dedicated funding source to keep this fund going. I would strongly encourage you to commit to funding affordable housing via a Housing Trust Fund model by making a dedicated source of funding a goal in the 2040 Comprehensive Plan.	Y	Several policies in the plan already call for collaboration with partner agencies, including H-20 (to reduce racial disparities in homeownership), H-22 (down payment for first-time home buyers), H-35 (explore mechanisms to ensure that affordable ownership units remain affordable). The appendices specifically reference numerous strategic partnerships.		Agree
		Housing	H-47: Delete "compatible with the pattern and scale of the neighborhood". This is not a valid public policy goal. Cities can't grow and develop, if we restrict them to existing patterns.		ОК	Revise Policy H-47 to read as follows: Encourage high-quality urban design for residential development that is <u>sensitive to context</u> , but <u>also</u> allows for innovation and consideration of market needs.	Agree
221	Luke Hanson	Housing	In H-47, the language "compatible with the pattern and scale of the neighborhood" should be deleted. This goal should never supersede the priorities of adding dense, affordable housing, and this language can only serve to block needed density.	Y	ОК	Revise Policy H-47 to read as follows: Encourage high-quality urban design for residential development that is <u>sensitive to context</u> , but <u>also</u> allows for innovation and consideration of market needs.	Agree
236	Center for Economic Inclusion	Housing	Policy H-20 states "Collaborate to reduce racial disparities in homeownership that could be attributed to unequal access to fair lending or intentional steering to specific neighborhoods." The Center applauds the City for this policy to reduce racial disparities in homeownership. However, it is not clear why it limits City action to disparities that are based on unequal access to lending or intentional steering to specific neighborhoods. Are there data to show that these are the primary drivers of the homeownership gap? What role does the difference in generational wealth play?		ОК	Revise Policy H-20 to read: Collaborate with partner agencies, lenders and the real estate industry to reduce racial disparities in homeownership that could be attributed to unequal access to fair lending, intentional steering to specific neighborhoods, <u>historic</u> <u>housing discrimination or possible</u> <u>factors.</u>	Revise Policy H-20 to read: Collaborate with partner agencies, lenders and the real estate industry to reduce racial disparities in homeownership that could be attributed to unequal access to fair lending, intentional steering to specific neighborhoods , or historic housing discrimination. or possible factors.

					Amend H-42 to re and private fundir <u>local sources,</u> for
using tice Center	Housing	While it is laudable that the city intends to "explore ways" this does not rise to the level of a strategy to meet the needs that will produce any number of units of housing that is affordable to households at 30% AMI or below. The plan should include the specific strategy of creating a funding source for that creates housing opportunities for households at 30% and below AMI.	Y		preservation and H-43 to read: "End state and federal preserves existing provides new fund <u>dedicated funding</u> affordable owners housing.
using tice Center		The implementation steps outlined in the current iteration of the plan are in many cases too vague, general, or tentative to meet the standards set out in the Land Use Planning Act. Not only does the current plan fail to meet the legal standard of creating a set of specific strategies with sequenced implementation steps to carry out those strategies, but it also fails to take advantage of the opportunity to develop new ways to address the growing need for more affordable housing. This should include new local revenue sources and new policies that support the development and preservation of affordable housing opportunities, with a focus on meeting the needs of households at or below 30% AMI.		housing to various levels of affordability. H-33 and H-34 support affordable home ownership. H-36	Revise language c Appendix B to add increases in local third bullet should increased Federal <u>funding</u> for afford

read: "Pursue public ding sources, <u>including</u> or affordable housing of production. Amend Encourage and support al legislation that ng programs and unding, <u>including a</u> <u>ng source</u> , for ership and rental	Agree
e on page 169 in Idd advocating for al funding sources. The uld read: Advocate for ral, State, <u>and local</u> rdable housing (target of AMI, with focus on	Agree

		There are a variety of other important issues that the plan mentions but does so in a				
		manner that is too vague to be meaningful. Among these are:				
		1. H-15 does not include sufficient detail or analysis to be understandable of				
		actionable.				
		2. H-16 mentions policies and practices to create housing choice but describes neither				
		the practices nor the policies				
		3. H-20 states that the city will collaborate to address steering, but does not mention				
		any specific ideas, policies, or strategies to address intentional steering				
		4. H-28 states that the city will do research about best practices and policies to				
		address housing barriers in the tenant selection and screening process. The city				
		should do the research as part of the comp planning process and set out specific plans				
		for adoption of those best practices in the comp plan itself.		The Saint Paul Comprehensive Plan is a	Revise H-35 to read: "Work with	
		5. H-35 says that the city will "explore" mechanisms to ensure long term affordability		high-level policy document, intended to	partners to explore <u>develop and</u>	
		of HRA developed homeownership opportunities. The city should instead "develop		set the stage for subsequent work and	implement mechanisms to ensure that	
		and implement" strategies to this end.		funding. Regarding inclusionary	affordable ownership units developed	
		6. H-41 should be changed to include the adoption controls and the policies		zoning, the City Council has asked City	with City/HRA assistance remain	
Housing		consistent with the analysis of Inclusionary Zoning feasibility in the implementation		staff to study it and report back to the	affordable beyond the first generation	
284 Justice Center	Housing	toolkit on page 177.	Y	Council by the end of 2019.	of owners. "	Agree
					Amend H-42 to read: "Pursue public	
					and private funding sources, <u>including</u>	
					local sources, for affordable housing	
					preservation and production. Amend	
					H-43 to read: "Encourage and support	
					state and federal legislation that	
		Saint Paul has the opportunity to create new strategies, develop new resources, and		The Mayor and City Council created the	preserves existing programs and	
		enhance its ability to leverage state and federal dollars. Saint Paul is projected to		Housing Trust Fund to focus on the	provides new funding <u>, including a</u>	
		continue to grow, but without more dedicated local funding sources for affordable		preservation and production of	dedicated funding source, for	
Housing		housing development, it will remain at a competitive disadvantage in accessing state		affordable housing, and the protection	affordable ownership and rental	
286 Justice Center	Housing	resources and will continue to fall behind in meeting its housing needs.	Y	of people living in affordable housing.	housing.	Agree
					Revise Policy H-47 to read as follows:	
					Encourage high-quality urban design	
					for residential development that is	
Jessa		In H-47, the language "compatible with the pattern and scale of the neighborhood"			sensitive to context, but also allows for	
Anderson-		should be deleted. This goal should never supersede the priorities of adding dense,			innovation and consideration of	
300 Reitz	Housing	affordable housing, and this language can only serve to block needed density.	Y	ОК	market needs.	Agree

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309	Jeff Zaayer	Housing	Policy H-1 aims to maintain the housing stock by enforcing property maintenance codes. While it is important that all housing is safe and healthy for those who occupy it, I am concerned that without additional supporting policies this may create a disparate impact on people with low and fixed incomes. Language could be added about allocating funds for those who are unable to pay for property maintenance on their own. Or ensuring landlords pay for upkeep without transferring the burden to their tenants. Additionally tenants protections for landlords who fail to perform upkeep and maintenance would mitigate or help avoid and disparate impacts resulting from this policy.		DSI has done a racial equity assessment of its enforcement process to ensure enforcement is not done in a way to disparately impact racial or ethnic groups. Complaint information is confidential. Policy H-26 calls for creating awareness around tenant and landlord right, responsibilities, best practices and resources to decrease conflicts that could lead to eviction.	Reorder the first few policies to make the ideas flow better. H-1, H-4, H-3, H- 2, H-5this groups the maintenance and enforcement policies, then goes into the code enforcement/TISH/health-safety policies.	No change necessary.
				-			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
					Page 30 of the Land Use chapter discusses applying the Metropolitan Council's Areas of Racially Concentrated Poverty to Saint Paul.	Add a reference to historic housing discrimination to H-20. Add an Implemenattion item to study the history of housing discrimination in	Amend H-20 to read: Collaborate with partner agencies, lenders and the real estate industry to reduce racial disparities in homeownership that could be attributed to unequal access to fair lending, or intentional steering to specirfic neighborhoods <u>or</u> <u>historic housing discrimination</u> . Add a Short-Term item in the Housing Chapter Implementation chart to rtead: <u>Study the extent and impact of</u> <u>historic housing discrimination</u> in <u>Saint Paul</u> . Add to the end of the second-to-the-last paragraph on p. 7: <u>Into the</u> <u>future, overcoming the effects</u> <u>of historic housing</u> <u>discrimination is a challenge</u>
			H22 – Any promotion of housing ownership will be done with a racial justice lens and		Page 110 and Page 164 in Appendix A discuss affirmatively furthering fair	Saint Paul to fully understand how it has influenced housing choice and	and an opportunity to build community wealth for all Saint
340	John Slade	Housing	with an eye to remedy of historic housing discrimination.		housing.	opportunity.	Paul residents.
					-	Revise Policy H-26 by replacing the	
			H26 – Add We are aware that tenant rights need additional support and will work to			word "Create" awareness with the	
341	John Slade	Housing	increase them.	Y	ОК	word " <u>Increase.</u> "	Agree

	1			-	1	-
346	John Slade	Housing	H44 – "Make achieving the Met Council Affordable Housing goals a top priority both in planning, legislative priorities, and comprehensive plan language."	Y	ОК	Revise H-44 to re <u>Make achieving</u> t Council's afforda <u>top priority both</u> legislative efforts
	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Housing	35. Appendix A, p. 138 Chart 9 seems confusing. There is no label on column. Is the row the tenant income % AMI? Is the column how many people within that % AMI can afford their unit? (example: 75% of tenants with <30% AMI could afford their unit) Or is there a reference to the total rental units?	Y	The column shows the percentage of units within each AMI percentage category that are affordable. The total number of affordable units varies for each AMI category where n= the number affordable units in each AMI category.	Add the following 100% to 0% colu <u>units</u> "
367	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Housing	36. Appendix A, p.144 Naturally-Occurring Affordable Housing. Error on map number referenced. The last sentence on the page refers to Map 7 for rental units coded by age, but it should be Map 8	Y		Change the text Map 7 to Map 8.
368	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Housing	37. Appendix A, p. 152 Charts 23 & 24: Both say Cost Burden by Race, but chart 24 says (Owner). Is chart 23 supposed to be (Renter) or total? The chart legend shows both the blue and gold colors are for 2010-2014. Is one of these colors supposed to be years 2005-2009 (one of the sources noted)?	Y		Edit the label on "(Renter)" and re legend for the bl 2014 to 2005-20 places.
369	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Housing	38. Appendix A, charts on pages 157-159 Cost Burden by Household Type: The chart legend (p. 159) shows both the blue and gold colors are for 2010-2014. Is one of these colors supposed to be years 2005-2009 (one of the sources noted)?	Ŷ		Edit the legend o the years on the category from 20 2009 in three sep
371	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Housing	40. Appendix B, p. 171 Decrease Homelessness: An Emergency Housing Plan to support tenants displaced by non-compliance is important. Tenants should be provided information on resources available, including emergency housing and legal information or contacts, so they can find out what their options are if they are out short-term or permanently from their residence. If an eviction notice is due to the landlord's inaction it helps to have someone to talk to that explains your options, rights and responsibilities.	Y		Revise the table of Appendix B to rea Emergency Hous "Plans/Official Co heading. It is alro "Regulations/Agr

read: " Strive to achieve _the Metropolitan able housing goals <u>a</u> <u>h in planning and</u> <u>ts</u> ."	Agree
ng label below the umn: " <u>% affordable</u>	Agree
: on page 144 from 3.	Agree
n Chart 23 by adding revise the years on the plue category from 2010- 009 in three separate	Agree
on page 159 by revising e legend for the blue 2010-2014 to 2005- eparate places.	Agree
e on page 171 in emove reference to an ising Plan under the Controls/Programs" ready covered under greements/Plans."	Agree

			The Heritage Preservation Commission Executive Committee was concerned after reviewing the comments of the Comprehensive and Neighborhood Planning					
			Committee of the Planning Commission and the subsequent denial recommendation for the local heritage site designation of Saint Andrew's Church at 1031-1051 Como					
			Avenue. Comprehensive and Neighborhood Planning Committee members based					
			their recommendation on statements made that heritage preservation was not a listed core value in the Comprehensive Plan of the City of Saint Paul, when in fact the			Add a Core City Value: Respecting Our		
			current and proposed Comprehensive Plan have dedicated chapters to heritage			History and Culture - we are a City that		
			preservation. To avoid future confusion, on behalf of the Heritage Preservation			believes that the preservation of		
			Commission we request that a statement be added to the 'Vision and Core City			buildings, sites and other objects with		
			Values' section of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan for the City of Saint Paul: "Respecting			historical or cultural value contributes		
			Our History and Culture - we are a city that believes that the preservation of			to the uniqueness of Saint Paul, is a		
	Heritage		buildings, sites and other objects having a historical or cultural value which			public necessity and is required in the		
	Preservation		contributes to the uniqueness of Saint Paul is a public necessity and is required in the			interest of the welfare of the people of		
374	Commission	HP	interest of the welfare of the people of Saint Paul."	Y	ОК	<u>Saint Paul.</u>	12	Agree
381	Saint Anthony Park Community Council (SAP)		Note that in the sidebar "Definitions" on p.205, The term Reconstruction should be highlighted and made a separate paragraph.	Y	Agree	Highlight/bold "Reconstruction" and start a new paragraph.		Agree
					<u> </u>			
			b. As a city of St. Paul's age, with multiple layers of development over the course of		This has been under consideration at various times by City staff, the HPC and			Add the following to Figure I-6 in the Implementation Chapter: <u>Explore the Heritage</u> <u>Preservation Commission's</u>
	Payne-Phalen		its history, and with so many critical historic resources, the city really ought to have		City Council members. It would require			authority and process regarding
206	Community	НР	administrative demolition review for each and every demolition permit granted. The		amending, by ordinance, Chapter 73 of	_		demolition permits as part of
300	Council		positive and lasting benefits far outweigh whatever concerns might linger.	ť	the City's Legislative Code.	Implementation Chapter. Add a bullet to p 216 under General	223	any revisions to Chapter 73.
						Implementation: " <u>work with the</u>		
1					An annual Planning Commission	Planning Commission to prepare an		
	Saint Paul				evaluation is one potential step, along	annual evaluation of implementation		
	Parks and				with Parks Commission and	progress, involving other City		
	Recreation				neighborhood groups or individuals	departments and commissions as		
387	Commission	Implementation	How do we uphold the plan and accountability?	Y	holding the City accountable.	appropriate;"	216	Agree

	1						
391	. Bob Morrison	Implementation	Once approved, what process has been established to monitor and measure whether or not assumptions made remain realistic and relevant, and for identifying and rectifying any unintended consequences as a result of actions taken as the City implements the 2040 Comprehensive Plan?	The Planning Commission will work with staff to create a process to monitor implementation and measure progress towards reaching our goals. evaluation is one potential step, along with neighborhood groups or individuals holding the City accountable.	Add a bullet to p 216 under General Implementation: " <u>work with the</u> <u>Planning Commission to prepare an</u> <u>annual evaluation of implementation</u> <u>progress, involving other City</u> <u>departments and commissions as</u> <u>appropriate;</u> "	216	Agree
	Andrew	Implementation	We also need data to evaluate how effective our engineering measures have been. On Marshall, for example, bike and pedestrian crashes have actually risen somewhat since we rebuilt the street with medians and bike lanes. Is this due to increased bike and pedestrian usage rates or a flaw in our design? Since we don't have count data longer than half a year before project implementation (and only for a few spots), we have no idea whether our infrastructure spending improved safety or made it worse.	Noted	Add to Figure I-2 as an on-going item: "Improve pedestrian and bicyclist mode share and crash data to inform and evaluate investments."		Agree
	Payne-Phalen Community	Implementation	b. As a city of St. Paul's age, with multiple layers of development over the course of its history, and with so many critical historic resources, the city really ought to have administrative demolition review for each and every demolition permit granted. The positive and lasting benefits far outweigh whatever concerns might linger.	This has been under consideration at various times by City staff, the HPC and City Council members. It would require amending, by ordinance, Chapter 73 of the City's Legislative Code.	authority and process regarding demolition permits as part of any		Agree
433	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Introduction	It seems that the "Values" are incorporated into page 10 of the draft, but it's not clear what happened to the "Focus Areas." Where the "Focus Areas" just intended as part of the public process or were they meant to be foundational to the document too? We recommend the latter. Maybe this section is an update of the Focus Areas? In any case, the words and intentions are all in the right direction, but the organization is confusing. Most importantly, there's no clear, specific thread throughout the rest of the document that amplifies these as organizing themes. They come up here and there if one is deliberately looking for them, but they aren't always so obvious. And that dilutes their overall impact on being the underlying policy rationale.	The Focus Areas are intended to be foundational to the document. They are mentioned in the first paragraph of the introduction on p. 6, and are called "overarching issues." Perhaps adding a sentence or two about why staff decided to integrate these ideas into every chapter, rather than create individual chapters for each of them, will help raise their visibility.	issues" to " <u>focus areas</u> " in the first		Agree
437	Payne-Phalen Community 'Council	Introduction	b. Because equitable employment for many St. Paul residents is not an automatic byproduct of citywide economic growth, "economic development," should be included in the parenthetical series of that includes land use, housing, transportation, etc.	Agree, but use the phrase "community wealth creation" to speak to broader efforts towards community-based economic development.	Add " community wealth creation" to read: "The Comprehensive Plan supports the equitable geographic allocation of public funding and investment (especially for land use, housing, transportation, <u>community</u> <u>wealth creation</u> , public utilities, and parks) to ensure that the residents in these areas have the resources they need to thrive and prosper."		Agree

			I would like to see a neighborhood node at Snelling and Minnehaha avenues. There is				1
			an A-line stop at Minnehaha and I've seen a good amount of investment in properties				1
			in the first block west and east of Snelling in this area and would like to see this area				Agree. Also add a note in the
			continue to develop (all along Snelling and nearby blocks). I think multifamily up to 6				sidebar on p. 33 or on Map LU-
			units should be allowed in the first block on either side of Snelling from University up				2 that the circles indicating
			to Minnehaha at least. I also am interested in seeing details related to property				Neighborhood Nodes are
			setbacks and allowed density, particularly in neighborhood nodes. I support very			Add a Neighborhood Node on the	representative of the boundary
	Dustin		accommodating building setbacks (near zero feet on front, sides and back) on lots in			Future Land Use Map (Map LU-2) at	of the node, not the actual
446	Schroeder	Land Use	neighborhood nodes to allow for less restrictive housing options.	Y	ОК	Snelling-Minnehaha.	 boundary of the node.
			I live in LexHam, a community unlike many others in that we are an extremely close				1
			knit and very active group of neighbors. While I recognize that Selby between				1
			Lexington and Hamline is a transportation corridor, I absolutely do NOT want to see				1
			any giant mixed use residential and retail buildings going up like what happened at				1
			the corner of Selby and Snelling. Our community is quiet, walkable and safe and I				1
			oppose these two policies specifically: Policy LU-29: I disagree with increasing density				1
			towards the center of the Selby Snelling node between Lexington and Hamline. Policy				
			LU-34 : I oppose structures being built higher than 3 stories for multi-family housing.		The Selby-Milton NN listed on p. 33 was		1
			Thank you for the opportunity of making my voice heard. Please keep the charm and		actually put at Selby-Dunlap (between		1
			peace in LexHam. Amy "Lucas" Riley. President of the Lexington Hamline Community		Lexington and Hamline) on the map on	Move NN from Selby-Dunlap to Selby-	1
447	Amy Riley	Land Use	Council	Y	р. 43.	Milton.	Agree
			Policy LU-29: I agree with increasing density towards the center of the Selby Snelling				
			node between Lexington and Hamline. I would like there to be more walkable retail in				1
			our neighborhoodrestaurants, shops, doctor offices. I'd like to see some of the				1
			apartments/condos that may be built reserved as low-income options, so a mix of				1
			low, middle, and upper income housing. Please not all luxury apartments. But that				1
			said, I'd want to protect the Central HS garage and Youth Express on Dunlap/Selby.				1
	Sara Dovre		Adding more retail/appts might necessitate parking restrictions for			Move Neighborhood Node to Selby-	1
	Wudali	Land Use	streets with no alleys like Hague and Laurel so that residents have places to park.	Y	ок	Milton per Lex-Ham comments	Agree
							Agree. Also, amend T-38 to
							read: Seek opportunities to
						Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	improve the environmental
						to " <u>overall.</u> " Add City-wide Policy LU-	sustainability of rights-of-way
			I'm writing today to ask that you please use St. Paul's 2040 comprehensive plan		It is not appropriate to remove parking		in the city, such as through
			update as an opportunity to eliminate parking minimums in our city. I believe that it is		minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	shared, stacked-function green
			critical to allow people investing in our city to determine the amount of parking they		Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,	infrastructure (SSGI) <u>,</u> and
			need independently. This is an important issue for people considering building ADUs,		PED staff are currently working on a	accommodate increases in density on	planting trees to reduce the
			those investing in small businesses, and building larger housing developments.		city-wide parking study and will add the		heat island effect, and reducing
1			We need to reduce barriers to building more opportunity in our city and shift away		elimination of parking minimums to the		the amount of land devoted to
	Jake Reuter		from our existing car-dominant transportation system.	v	study.	mobility modes.	parking.

			First and foremost I think that St Paul is in a unique position to draw a stark contrast to the Minneapolis 2040 Comp Plan. We've seen the document. In St Paul we should go farther in making our city a better and more livable place under the challenges of global warming and quickly diminishing resources. Among many strategies, we need		It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u> devoted to off-street parking in order	
			to be bold by eliminating parking minimums altogether. I appreciate the roundabout solutions that the comp plan draft currently has to address parking, but given the		Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a	to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on	
453	Kory Andersen	Land Use	reality of our world, it is somewhat tone deaf. For decades we have prioritized cars to the detriment of our city. It is time to swing it back and stop preserving SFH owner's non-existent right to parking in the public right of way.		city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.		Agree
	Kory	Land Use	2. Make sweeping zoning changes along major arterials to allow for much higher density housing and mixed goods. Some of the most charming multi-unit buildings in SP are currently illegal under the zoning code. Make it work again! Saint Paul has some beautiful neighborhoods and it makes sense to protect thembut the give should be along major routes.		LU-33 and LU-34 address this, but LU- 33 could be strengthened.	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to "Provide for."	Agree
	District 1 Land Use	Land Use	pg. 29: LU-2, we request that this policy be changed to read "Pursue the potential for redevelopment of Opportunity Sites (generally sites larger than one acre identified as having potential for redevelopment) as higher-density mixed-use development, employment centers, and the addition of community services that are completely absent in the surrounding area, with increased full-time living wage job intensity (Figure LU-3)." Opportunity sites may be some of our best opportunities to add services to a community that are currently lacking. Since different opportunity sites have different land use categories, the exact ratio of these three outcomes will be very different from site to site.		OK	Change Policy LU-2 to: <u>Pursue</u> <u>redevelopment of</u> Opportunity Sites (generally sites larger than one acre identified as having potential for redevelopment) as higher-density mixed-use development or employment centers with increased full-time living wage job intensity, <u>and</u> <u>the appropriate location for</u> <u>community services that are</u> <u>completely absent in the surrounding</u> <u>area</u> (Figure LU-3).	Agree
	District 1 Land Use	Land Use	pg. 31: LU-13, add "and strengthening parking maximums citywide."		Not sure what is meant by "strengthening" parking maximums.	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u> <u>devoted to off-street parking in order</u> <u>to use land more efficiently,</u> <u>accommodate increases in density on</u> <u>valuable urban land, and promote the</u> <u>use of transit and other non-car</u> <u>mobility modes.</u>	Agree
	District 1 Land Use Committee	Land Use	pg. 33: Add White Bear-Minnehaha and Suburban Commercial District to the Neighborhood Nodes list. See note for pg. 43.	Y	ОК	Add White Bear-Minnehaha and Suburban Commercial District to the Neighborhood Nodes list and map.	Agree

					I	I I	
			pg. 35: Change LU-39 to "Continue to require large lots for residential parcels with				
			private utilities and/or steep slopes by use of a zoning overlay district rather than				
			underlying zoning to preserve the natural ecosystem along the river bluffs." Residents		Agree with sentiment, but not requiring		
	District 1 Land		who choose to continue using private utilities need larger lots for health and		an overlay. Generally, overlays are		
	Use		environmental reasons, but residents who choose to connect to public utilities should		cumbersome to administer and	Edit Policy LU-39: "Maintain" to	
462	Committee	Land Use	not be obligated to retain the large lots necessary for private utilities.	Y	confusing to the public.	"Provide for."	Agree
						Edit Policy LU-40: <u>Promote</u> cluster	5
						development with public utilities <u>to</u>	
	District 1 Land		Change LU-40 to "Promote cluster development with public utilities on the flat			add density in a way that preserves the	
	Use		portion of sites with steep slopes and heavy tree canopy to add density in a way that		what type of and how development	natural ecosystem along the river	
463	Committee	Land Use	preserves the natural ecosystem along the river bluffs."	Ŷ	occurs on sites with steep slopes.	bluffs.	Agree
				· ·		Add new Semi-Rural Policy LU-XX.	
						Promote context-sensitive infill	
			Add a new Semi-Rural policy that reads "promote the concentration of infill			development along arterial and	
			development and redevelopment on flatter parcels, especially those on arterial			collector streets, at densities similar to	
	District 1 Land		and/or collector streets, at densities similar to Urban Neighborhoods while being			Urban Neighborhoods, while	
	Use		sensitive to the context of the surrounding area and preserving the natural feeling of			preserving the natural features of the	
161	Committee	Land Use	the area."	v	ок	area.	Agree
404	committee			I		Add new Semi-Rural Policy LU-XX.	Agree
	District 1 Land		Add a new Semi Bural policy that reads "continue to expand the availability of public			Expand the availability of public utilities, where feasible, to provide for	
			Add a new Semi-Rural policy that reads "continue to expand the availability of public				
465	Use Committee	Levelles	utilities, where feasible, to provide the opportunity for voluntary utility connection to	V		voluntary connections to abutting	A
465	Committee	Land Use	abutting properties."	Ŷ	ОК	properties.	Agree
							P. 40 Change to: Downtown is
						P. 40 Change to: Downtown is the	the <u>highest-density</u> mixed-use
						highest-density mixed-use core of Saint	core area of Saint Paul and a
						Paul and <u>a regional transportation hub</u> ,	regional transportation hub,
	District 1 Land					encompassing all the B4 and B5 Zoning	encompassing all the B4 and B5
	Use		pg. 40: Add language to the Downtown description to acknowledge downtown's role			Districts and most of Planning District	Zoning Districts and most of
468		Land Use	as a regional transportation hub.	Y	ок	17.	Planning District 17.
						Add new Semi-Rural Policy LU-XX.	
						Promote context-sensitive infill	
						development along arterial and	
						collector streets, at densities similar to	
	District 1 Land		Add a sentence to the end of the Semi-Rural description to read "infill development			Urban Neighborhoods, while	
	Use		and redevelopment will be concentrated on arterial and/or collector streets and on			preserving the natural features of the	
469		Land Use	flatter sites."	Y	OK -same comments as #56.	area.	Agree
	committee		nutter sites.	I		<u>u.cu.</u>	1.5100

	1				1		1
			pg. 43: We agree with the placement of all Neighborhood Nodes already identified in District 1. We request additional Neighborhood Nodes be designated at/around				
			White Bear Ave & Minnehaha Ave and along Suburban Ave between White Bear Ave				
			and Ruth St. The first addition provides a node in an area with residences over a mile				
	District 1 Land		from any other node and at the intersection of a state highway and county highway,				
	Use		and the second acknowledges a need for a neighborhood node south of a significant			Add NN at White Bear-Minnehaha and	
470	Committee	Land Use	community barrier (I-94) and near existing multifamily housing.	У	ок	White Bear-Suburban.	Agree
	District 1 Land						
	Use		We request you color green the Fish Creek Open Space. This is a significant County-			Add "Fish Creek Bluff Preserve" parcel	
472	Committee	Land Use	owned park space that is part of a larger park complex stretching into Maplewood.	Y	ок	to park use in Future Land Use Map.	Agree
					New policy recommended in #62 will		
					generally allow for increased densities,		
					so no need to change map. Change		
	District 1 Land		We request you designate the parcels along McKnight Rd, Carver Ave, Point Douglas		designation of intersection of	Add three parcels at intersection of	
	Use		Rd, and the east-west portion of Highwood Ave in South Highwood as Urban		Carver/.Pt. Douglas to allow for limited	Carver/Pt. Douglas to Urban	
473	Committee	Land Use	Neighborhood to correspond with the proposed Semi-Rural policy changes.	Y	commercial uses.	Neighborhood.	Agree
			pg. 51: In Figure LU-4, we request that the residential density range for Semi-Rural be				
			changed to 2-15 units/acre. This reflects both the RL lot size of a half-acre (2 units/ac)				
			and acknowledges the density likely to be seen in a cluster development. It also				
	District 1 Land		provides overlap with Urban				
	Use		Neighborhood to provide flexibility in the future and transition between the two			Change base range in Figure LU-4 to 2-	
477	Committee	Land Use	designations.	Y	ОК	15 Units/Acre in Semi-Rural cell	Agree
			"At its January 2nd, 2019 meeting the full Union Park District Council voted to support				
			the assertion by the Lexington-Hamline Community Council that the treatment of the				
			intersection at Selby and Dunlap as a Neighborhood Node in the City's draft 2040				
			Comprehensive Plan is inconsistent with the Union Park District Council's Community				
			Plan. The Union Park Community Plan states, "Smaller scale residential and smaller				
			scale commercial uses are the most appropriate for the predominantly residential				
			mixed-use corridor of Selby Avenue between Lexington Parkway and Ayd Mill Road. If				
			new development should occur in this segment, it would preferably occur at existing				
			commercially-zoned nodes. " (LU1.4) The Union Park District Council feels that the				
	Union Park		Neighborhood Node designation is not in alignment with the above provision as it				
	District		applies to the intersection of Selby and Dunlap and should be removed from the			Move NN from Selby-Dunlap to Selby-	
478	Council	Land Use	City's draft 2040 Comprehensive Plan.	Y	ОК	Milton	 Agree

	As you consider the long term plan for the city of St Paul, I ask you to commit to inclusive zoning policies that enable long term population growth and broader housing choice while eliminating policies that hinder the pursuit of carbon footprint reduction. The vast majority of the city of St Paul is zoned single family at present. This de facto limits housing density and housing choice in 90% of the city. Given the already slim unit availability in the city and the long term expectation of population growth, we should be upzoning all parts of St Paul, to accommodate diverse types of new construction and renovation wherever it is needed. Broad upzoning not only enables population growth, but also decreases housing costs in the long term. Broad		The current draft of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan already supports a diversity of housing choice and densities within the city's Urban Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H- 16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of the Comprehensive Plan does not make these policies law, but it does set the stage for subsequent zoning studies that may recommend allowing multi- family units in single-family zoning districts. To further support this work, the City Council in June 2018 requested (RES 18-1204) that the Planning Commission conduct a zoning study to allow triplexes and fourplexes in single- family zoning districts. This work will begin after adoption of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed			
			c 1	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to		
479 James Slegers Land Use	housing options of those who wish to live in those communities.	Y	Chapter.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agı	ree
480 James Slegers Land Use	We should eliminate parking minimums and either eliminate permit-only parking or increase the cost to market rate. Parking minimums encourage wasteful land use and limit density. Undercharging for permit parking subsidizes individual vehicle use, and both these policies reduce the available tax base. Further, parking minimums and subsidization of parking contribute to sprawl and make neighborhoods less accessible to those who are unable to afford a vehicle. We should encourage density and reduce reliance on cars, both to reduce regional carbon footprint and to make our city more accessible and usable to people of all means. Greater density increases the efficiency and effectiveness of mass transit, as well as making walking and biking more viable alternatives.	V	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agr	

				The current draft of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				that may recommend allowing multi-		
				family units in single-family zoning		
				districts. To further support this work,		
				the City Council in June 2018 requested		
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to		
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
				family zoning districts. This work will		
				begin after adoption of the 2040		
		LU-7 should be defined more precisely. We should follow the lead of Minneapolis in		Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
		explicitly allowing multi-family housing in all residential areas and eliminating parking		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 from "Encourage"	
481 James Slegers	Land Use	minimums. Similarly, LU-33 should not just encourage but "Allow by right"	Y	Chapter.	to " <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree
				Nodes were generally already placed at	-	
				appropriate locations within these	Future Land Use Map to the following	
		Add more Neighborhood Node locations in the Highland/MacGroveland/Summit Hill		neighborhoods, with the exception of a	-	
483 James Slegers	Land Use	neighborhoods.	Y	couple nodes along the A Line.	Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree
				Nodes were generally already placed at	-	
		All of West 7th and the Riverview corridor, and along the A BRT line should be		appropriate locations along these	Future Land Use Map to the following	
		Neighborhood Nodes, as was done along the Green Line. Neighborhood Nodes		transit corridors, with the exception of	intersections: Snelling-St. Clair and	
484 James Slegers	Land Use	should be expanded wherever BRT lines are developed.	Y	a couple nodes along the A Line.	Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree

			It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study. The current draft of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan already supports a diversity of housing choice and densities within the city's Urban Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H- 16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of			
485 Frank Alarcon Land Use	As a resident of Saint Paul, I would like the comprehensive plan to abolish single- family zoning and minimum parking requirements, like the Minneapolis 2040 plan. These policies restrict the supply of housing and raise the cost of development, contributing to the region's housing crisis that disproportionately harms people of color and people with low incomes. They also exacerbate climate change by guaranteeing space for cars and reserving swaths of the city for single-family homes only. Thank you.	Y	the Comprehensive Plan does not make these policies law, but it does set the stage for subsequent zoning studies that may recommend allowing multi- family units in single-family zoning districts. To further support this work, the City Council in June 2018 requested (RES 18-1204) that the Planning Commission conduct a zoning study to allow triplexes and fourplexes in single- family zoning districts. This work will begin after adoption of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed in Figure I-1 in the Implementation Chapter.	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>	Ag	gree
Eric 488 Osekowsky Land Use	In particular I'm thinking of my neighborhood, Midway, where I live a couple blocks off Snelling. Being right off both the A line and the green line, a short drive from 94 and right between both downtowns I often think about how the composition (and zoning) of this stretch of Snelling as it stands now is a poor use of an area with a very valuable location and fantastic transit options. Given the amount of investment which has gone into the Green and A lines, and the potential unlocked with the redevelopment of the Midway shopping center I hope St. Paul looks beyond the immediate Snelling & University Node area when executing this plan. And I really hope we see a zoning study for the north end of Snelling Ave.	Y	ОК	Add implementation item to conduct zoning studies as major transit improvements are made.	A	gree

				I	I	
				It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on	
				city-wide parking study and will add the		
Nancy O'Brien				elimination of parking minimums to the	use of transit and other non-car	
489 Wagner	Land Use	Where decreasing parking requirements?	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree
Elisabeth		Further, I urge the city to pass a plan written to allow significant increases in density			Add Neighborhood Nodes on the Future Land Use Map to the following intersections: Selby-Milton; Snelling-St. Clair; Snelling-Minnehaha; E 7th- Payne; Arcade-Case; Arcade-Maryland; White Bear-Minnehaha; White Bear-	
490 Wurtmann	Land Use	in the Neighborhood Nodes, with an increased number of nodes.	Y	ОК	Suburban; Cook-Phalen	Agree
Elisabeth 491 Wurtmann	Land Use	Additionally, I support the elimination of parking requirements to allow increased density and a greater emphasis on our city's strong public transit options.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However,	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
		density and a greater emphasis on our city's strong public transit options.	1	study.		Agree
496 Rick Varco	Land Use	In LU-13, change "reduce parking minimums" to "eliminate". Parking minimums add to housing costs and force all of us to subsidize car owners. Those who want and need parking should pay for it and those without cars or satisfied with on-street parking shouldn't have to pay.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
	Land Use		Ϋ́	study.	mounity modes.	Agree
498 Rick Varco	Land Use	Delete LU-28. There is no need to ensure 'gradual transitions". Transitions in building height whether gradual or radical harm no one and can only be used to block needed density.	Y	ОК	Delete "gradually"	Agree
500 Rick Varco	Land Use	The draft should add more node locations in the Highland/MacGroveland/Summit Hill areas.	Y	neighborhoods, with the exception of a	Future Land Use Map to the following	Agree

501	L Rick Varco	Land Use	Just as the draft places nodes all along University Ave and the Light Rail line, it should do the same for all of West 7th and the Riverview Corridor and for the route of the A Line BRT. If we prevent people from living along these expensive public investments, we diminish their utility and waste tax payer dollars. Furthermore, the plan should stipulate that the routes of any future BRT will be automatically upgraded to Neighborhood Node status.	Neighborhood Nodes are proposed for all Gold Line, Rush Line, and Riverview Corridor stops. Not all A Line stops are proposed for Neighborhood Nodes because there are not station area plans completed or proposed for the A Line.	Add Neighborhood Nodes on the Future Land Use Map to the following intersections: Snelling-St. Clair and Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree
				The current draft of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan already supports a diversity of housing choice and densities within the city's Urban Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H- 16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of the Comprehensive Plan does not make these policies law, but it does set the stage for subsequent zoning studies that may recommend allowing multi- family units in single-family zoning districts. To further support this work, the City Council in June 2018 requested (RES 18-1204) that the Planning Commission conduct a zoning study to allow triplexes and fourplexes in single- family zoning districts. This work will begin after adoption of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
			LU-33 Strengthen "encourage" to "allow by right". There is no reason for the city to	in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
502	2 Rick Varco	Land Use	block this development.	Chapter.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree

511 Luke Hanson	Land Use	deemed too dense.	Y	ОК	Delete "gradually"	Agree
		are gradual or sudden. This policy would only be used to block development which is				
		LU-28 should be deleted. Transitions in building height harm no one, whether they				
510 Luke Hanson	Land Use	friendly, walkable community.	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree
		consumers and residents, and undermining the possibility of St. Paul being a transit-		elimination of parking minimums to the		
		business owners and housing developers with additional costs that are passed to		city-wide parking study and will add the		
		minimums inherently favor automobiles as a mode of transportation, burdening		PED staff are currently working on a	accommodate increases in density on	
		LU-13 should "eliminate" parking minimums rather than "reduce" them. Parking		Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,	
				minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	
				It is not appropriate to remove parking	, , ,	
					to "overall." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
					Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
509 Luke Hanson	Land Use	multi-family housing throughout the city and eliminate parking requirements.	Y	Chapter.	mobility modes.	Agree
		We should follow the Minneapolis 2040 plan and relax government restrictions on		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	use of transit and other non-car	A
				Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed	valuable urban land, and promote the	
				begin after adoption of the 2040	accommodate increases in density on	
				family zoning districts. This work will	to use land more efficiently,	
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to	XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>	
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning	to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
				the City Council in June 2018 requested	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
				districts. To further support this work,		
				family units in single-family zoning		
				that may recommend allowing multi-		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				study. The current draft of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				elimination of parking minimums to the		
				city-wide parking study and will add the		
				PED staff are currently working on a		
				Comprehensive Plan work. However,		
				minimums as part of the 2040		
				It is not appropriate to remove parking		

512	2 Luke Hanson	Land Use	LU-33 should not just "encourage" medium-density housing, but "allow by right."	Y	A policy in the Comprehensive Plan cannot allow anything by right. The City Council in June 2018 requested (RES 18-1204) that the Planning Commission conduct a zoning study to allow triplexes and fourplexes in single- family zoning districts. This work will begin after adoption of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed in Figure I-1 in the Implementation Chapter.	Change Policy LU " <u>Provide for</u> ."
	5 Luke Hanson	Land Use	Stations along current and planned transit lines (the Riverview Corridor, the A Line BRT, and future BRT Lines) should automatically be upgraded to Neighborhood Nodes.	Y	This has been done with the exception of the A Lane, which does not have station area plans.	Add Neighborhod Future Land Use intersections: Sel Snelling/St. Clair; E 7th/Payne; Arca Arcade/Maryland Bear/Minnehaha Bear/Suburban; G
516	5 Luke Hanson	Land Use	More Neighborhood Nodes should be added throughout the city, particularly in Highland, Macalaster-Groveland, and Summit Hill, where they are conspicuously few in the current draft. Examples: Grand-Cleveland, Grand-Snelling, Grand-Hamline, Grand-Lexington, St. Clair-Fairview, St. Clair-Snelling, St. Clair-Hamline, St. Clair- Lexington, Randolph-Cleveland, Randolph-Fairview, Randolph-Hamline, Randolph-Lex, Snelling-Ford, Hamline-Ford, Marshall-Fairview, Marshall-Snelling, Selby-Fairview, Selby-Victoria, Hamline-Thomas, Fairview-Minnehaha, Maryland-Rice, Arlington-Rice.		ОК	Add Neighborhod Future Land Use intersections: Sel Clair; Snelling-Mi Payne; Arcade-Ca White Bear-Minn Suburban; Cook-I
513	7 Eric Saathoff	Land Use	I hope the city takes this opportunity to eliminate parking minimums citywide. There is no reason that the city should be enforcing a car-centric transportation system. Residents and business owners should decide what amount of parking they need and supply it themselves. This is an easy way to make housing more affordable and make it easier to do business in our city.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	

U-33 "Encourage" to	Agree
ood Nodes on the e Map to the following elby/Milton;	
r; Snelling/Minnehaha; cade/Case; nd; White	
a; White : Cook/Phalen	Agree
ood Nodes on the e Map to the following elby-Milton; Snelling-St.	
1innehaha; E 7th- Case; Arcade-Maryland; mehaha; White Bear-	
-Phalen	Agree
3: Change "minimums" d City-wide Policy LU- amount of land_	
street parking in order e efficiently,	
ncreases in density on land, and promote the nd other non-car	
<u>.</u>	Agree

					The current draft of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
					diversity of housing choice and		
					densities within the city's Urban		
					Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
					16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
					the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
					these policies law, but it does set the		
					stage for subsequent zoning studies		
					that may recommend allowing multi-		
					family units in single-family zoning		
					districts. To further support this work,		
					the City Council in June 2018 requested		
					(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
					Commission conduct a zoning study to		
			I also hope the city will take this opportunity to follow the footsteps of Minneapolis in		allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
			upzoning either the entire city or vast portions of it. There is no way to reduce the		family zoning districts. This work will		
			cost of housing by restricting the supply. The city of St. Paul has an enormous amount		begin after adoption of the 2040		
			of single family zoned neighborhoods. We need to upzone to allow more supply of		Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
			housing. If this is to be done in nodes, there should be more nodes that follow transit		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
518	Eric Saathoff	Land Use	corridors (bus lines) and existing commercial corridors.	Y	Chapter.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree

					The current draft of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
					diversity of housing choice and		
					densities within the city's Urban		
					Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
			Regarding land use, more mixed-use and medium-density development can help		16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
			strengthen our neighborhoods and it will help with the current housing shortage.		the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
			Higher-density development can help further strengthen our downtown, and other		these policies law, but it does set the		
			places such as around Snelling and University. Saint Paul has the ability to support		stage for subsequent zoning studies		
			more residents and through reforming zoning regulations, the city could allow better		that may recommend allowing multi-		
			opportunities for more housing choices across the city. The city can support more		family units in single-family zoning		
			multi-family housing without affecting the city's large stock of single-family homes.		districts. To further support this work,		
			Sites such as the Ford Site can help preserve the existing housing stock within		the City Council in June 2018 requested		
			Highland Park, while still adding more housing units of various types (from single-		(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
			family to multi-unit apartments/condos). It is good that the city acknowledges the		Commission conduct a zoning study to		
			importance of infill development in the 2040 plan, but having a strong emphasis on		allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
			strict height limits and other regulations has affected development from occurring in		family zoning districts. This work will		
			the city in the past; zoning reform of a large scale must be done in order to truly		begin after adoption of the 2040		
			invest in future developments across the city, regardless if it is located in a designated		Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
			"neighborhood		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
519	Al Davison	Land Use	node" or not.	Y	Chapter.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree
			Regarding transportation, removing (or at least reducing) parking minimums (ex: LU-				
			13) can help base an area's actual parking demand off the true market demand rather				
			than inducing parking demand off arbitrary metrics set forth by local government.				
			Minimum parking regulations have caused the unnecessary destruction of buildings				
			for surface parking. Surface parking lots have hurt the city's commercial corridors				
			along Payne, Rice, and University since the mid-20th century. We have limited space			Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
			in the city, and we have to acknowledge that large surface parking lots tend to			to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
			negatively impact urban neighborhoods. In areas with high parking demand, paid		It is not appropriate to remove parking	XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>	
			parking meters and ramps should be considered since parking is an expensive asset to		minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	
			build and maintain. Designated [handicap] parking for disabled people can remain a		Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,	
			priority for where it is needed. While parking in the city can be difficult in some		PED staff are currently working on a	accommodate increases in density on	
			places, there is a limit on the economic feasibility to build/maintain parking by both		city-wide parking study and will add the	valuable urban land, and promote the	
			businesses and the city. We have to be more proactive in parking management, and		elimination of parking minimums to the	use of transit and other non-car	
521	Al Davison	Land Use	the city's goals towards promoting shared parking is a good step forward.	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree

Zack Mensinger	Land Use	While the goals of LU-13 are laudable as is, language in LU-13 should be changed to ELIMINATE, not just reduce parking minimums. And instead of just "supporting" these strategies, they should just be more firmly and completely adopted. If we are to truly reduce auto-dependency and fight climate change, we have to reduce the availability of excess parking in St. Paul. While some might argue that eliminating parking minimums would hurt businesses, I have almost never encountered an area without an excess of parking in St. Paul, plus, parking costs are quite high so requiring them puts small businesses at a disadvantage relative to larger businesses and chains that can more easily afford the costs of parking. Businesses can still provide parking if they see fit, but we should not require an excess of an expensive and environmentally damaging parking spaces. In doing so, we also help encourage people to travel by means other than personal cars, which will make these methods safer and more accessible for everyone.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However,	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
Zack Mensinger	Land Use	I love the idea of Neighborhood nodes, but some of them seem misplaced or missing in general. For instance, there is a Node at Kellogg/3rd and Maria. But there is almost nothing at this intersection other than one small market. In contrast, there are many missing Nodes, such as Randolph and Lexington, Snelling and Minnehaha, etc. These intersections have many more resources and attractions, not to mention are better served by transit and therefore should be added as additional Neighborhood Nodes. Generally, any areas that are located along high frequency, high capacity transit (such as the Green and A Lines) should be classified as Neighborhood Nodes. Density allowances at Neighborhood Nodes should also be clarified.		3rd/Maria is a Gold Line BRT stop.	Add Neighborhood Nodes on the Future Land Use Map to the following intersections: Selby-Milton; Snelling-St. Clair; Snelling-Minnehaha; E 7th- Payne; Arcade-Case; Arcade-Maryland; White Bear-Minnehaha; White Bear- Suburban; Cook-Phalen	Agree
Center for Economic Inclusion	Land Use	Re: Goal - One of the places the draft comprehensive plan could include such a goal [for creating a more racially equitable economy] is among the other goals in the Land Use chapter on page 28. Additionally, the policies in that chapter that support the economic inclusion goal could be organized under it (as is done in other chapters).		A goal for a racially- equitable economy	Add a short-term item to Implementation: <u>Prepare a</u> <u>comprehensive, city-wide economic</u> <u>development strategy, with a focus on</u> <u>racial equity. It should include local-</u> <u>scaled topics, such as Neighborhood</u> <u>Nodes, as well as regional issues, such</u> <u>as transit and workforce development.</u>	Agree

Center for Economic 528 Inclusion	Land Use	Re: data - In addition to disaggregating the data in the plan, the Center encourages the City to further ground the plan's policies in data. For example, policy LU-4 seeks to minimize displacement in redevelopment areas with high-frequency transit. What specific areas are these, and how do we know? What measures are used to identify displacement risk, and what does the data tell us about those areas?	Y	High-frequency transit is identified in Figure T-7. Measures to identify displacement risk and other relevant factors will be identified as part of plan implementation.	Reference Map T-7 in LU-4.	Agree with referencing Map T-7 in LU-4. Also, add a Short-Term item to the Land Use Chapter Implementation chart: Identify and implement ways in which the City can minimize displacement in neighborhoods where the proximity to high-frequency transit has increased redevelopment pressure and/or housing costs.
Center for Economic 529 Inclusion	Land Use	For example, Policy LU-6 states "Foster equitable and sustainable economic growth by [actions 1-10]. How will these actions foster and sustain equitable economic growth? How will the City apply an equity lens to this policy? Which of the seven goals in the land use chapter does this policy support? Which of these actions will be focused on communities of color? Which ones will be applied evenly, city-wide? The Center encourages the City to expand upon this policy with a more detailed discussion of how it will advance equity and economic inclusion.		This policy lays the basic principles for the City's economic development goals. We agree that this needs additional detail, including how it will be implemented. The best form for this would be a city-wide economic development plan or strategy.	Add a short-term item to Implementation: <u>Prepare a</u> <u>comprehensive, city-wide economic</u> <u>development strategy, with a focus on</u> <u>racial equity. It should include local-</u> <u>scaled topics, such as Neighborhood</u> <u>Nodes, as well as regional issues, such</u> <u>as transit and workforce development.</u>	Agree
Center for Economic 531 Inclusion	Land Use	The Center also encourages the City to provide more detail in the implementation section of the plan, especially regarding the policies that seek to advance economic inclusion. The introduction to the implementation chapter includes the following among ten "general implementation" actions: "implement and regularly update the City's Racial Equity Plan to realize and measure equity-related goals and policies." Also, the land use chapter implementation table includes "Implement Economic Development Strategy." How do the racial equity plan and economic development strategy work together to implement comprehensive plan policies? Where do their goals, strategies and measures overlap and diverge? Given the reality of limited resources, what among these plans and strategies will be prioritized in the near term?	Y	Agree with the need for a comprehensive Economic Development Strategy and for it to be informed by the Racial Equity Plan.	Nodes, as well as regional issues, such as transit and workforce development.	Agree
537 Tom Dimond	Land Use	LU-20 - add - "and habitat" after natural resources (page 32)	Y	ОК	Policy LU-20 Add "and habitat" as noted	Agree
538 Tom Dimond		LU-36 - remove - "while minimizing the reduction of tax base" This is not needed and parks enhance the tax base by enhancing the value of surrounding properties (page 35)		ОК	Policy LU-36, change " while minimizing- reduction of tax base " to " <u>and leverage</u> <u>other public investment</u> ."	Agree

r				1		
		Industrial - substitute - "Some industrial" - add - "The City supports the conversion of				
		industrial property use to provide the greatest number of jobs and tax revenue and				
		will work to eliminate tax exemptions." If the City is interested in increasing the tax				
		base and number of jobs the City must focus on industrial that has a higher number of				
		jobs per acre and higher property taxes per acre to maximize jobs and tax revenue.			Change LU-42 to " <u>support and</u>	
		Some industrial is not much more than storage lots that provide few jobs and limited			encourage development that	
		taxes. Some industrial pays limited taxes because of tax exemptions. The City must			maximizes tax base, job creation	
540 Tom Dimond	Land Use	eliminate industrial tax exemption to maximize tax revenue. (page 35)	Y	ОК	and <u>/or</u> job retention."	Agree
		LU-55 - add - "and natural resource protection and enhancement" after urban				
545 Tom Dimond	Land Use	development (page 53)	Y	ОК	add "and environmental protection."	Agree
Saint Anthony						
Park						
Community						
549 Council (SAP)	Land Use	(note the misspelling of "vehicle" in LU-13)	Y	ОК	Correct	Agree
		Perhaps the greatest shortcoming of the current draft relates to reuse and				
		redevelopment of the industrial areas in Saint Anthony Park and the Creative				
		Enterprise Zone. The area is dotted with vacant land and former industrial buildings.				
		There is pressure to redevelop the area parcel by parcel with uses such as one-story				
		warehouses and public storage buildings that bring truck traffic to the area but do				
		little to create on-site higher wage job opportunities for our working force. These				
Saint Anthony		types of uses should be prohibited. Our future as a diverse and equitable city must			Change LU-42 to "support and	
Park		include job density as well as affordable housing. A new policy element should be			encourage <u>development that</u>	
Community		inserted, perhaps after Policy LU-41 stating that, where industrial land is near transit,			maximizes tax base, job creation	
550 Council (SAP)	Land Use	high job density should be required when property is developed/redeveloped.	Y	ок	and <u>/or</u> job retention."	Agree
		Redevelopment of the industrial area for 21st Century business must include action				
		steps similar to those set out in Policy 98: "Innovation Districts" of the Minneapolis				
		Comprehensive Plan, a copy of which is attached. This would include flexible zoning,				
		not one-size-fits-all. The proposed ten-year plan for Saint Anthony Park calls for a new				
		zoning overlay district in the Creative Enterprise Zone that encourages a variety and				
		density of uses. This could include live/work arrangements in appropriate				
Saint Anthony		circumstances. Items 17 and 18 in Figure I-1 of the Implementation Chapter in the				
Park		Comprehensive Plan call for studies somewhat along these lines over a leisurely 5-10				
Community		years, but market demand is not going to wait. The time to take action on creating			Change implementation items 17-18 to	
552 Council (SAP)	Land Use	the overlay district is now.	Y	Comment acknowledged	short-term.	Agree
			•			0

Saint Anthony Park Community 556 Council (SAP)	Land Use	3. To encourage cultural and arts-based businesses and business districts (LU-6.5) requires that we maintain and develop affordable workspace for artists, where art can be produced. Where redevelopment has occurred, artists have been forced to relocate, threatening their livelihoods and dispersing functioning artist communities. Many artists prefer to live separately from their studios, due to exposure to paint fumes, solvents, welding vapors, particulates, and so on. Market forces will not achieve the goal of equitable and sustainable economic growth; rather, the City needs to develop the policies, guidelines, and ordinances that will.	Y	LU-6 lays the basic principles for the City's economic development goals. We agree that this needs additional detail, including how it will be implemented. The best form for this would be a city- wide economic development plan or strategy.	Add to the Implementation section: <u>Prepare a comprehensive, city-wide</u> economic development strategy.	Agree
Saint Anthony Park Community 558 Council (SAP)	Land Use	5. Include surface parking in district parking solutions ("district ramps and lots") and eliminate (do not simply reduce) parking minimums (LU-13). If it is not possible to remove parking minimums completely, remove them from residential buildings of 4 units or fewer.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
Saint Anthony Park Community	Land Use	6. Policy LU-16 incorrectly refers to Figure LU-6, but should refer to Map LU-6. This policy recognizes the conflicting rights of property owners – one having the right to access to sunlight; the other the right to build to a height allowed by zoning or variance. In the cases where this occurs, the City could require that new development or redevelopment produce (not simply purchase) the equivalent amount of solar energy to the credit of the affected property owner.			Change to "Map LU-6"	Agree
Saint Anthony Park Community 560 Council (SAP)	Land Use	7. In the Neighborhood Node section, we recommend "Neighborhood Nodes will be denser" replace "The intent is for Neighborhood Nodes to be denser"	Y	Agree	Change to read: " <u>Neighborhood Nodes</u> are denser concentrations"	Agree
Saint Anthony Park Community 561 Council (SAP)	Land Use	8. We support placement of a "freeway lid" over Highway 280 between Franklin Avenue and Territorial Road as outlined in Policy LU-53 and T-39. This location is prime for commercial development complementing Court International, the adaptive reuse of the Case building, and the Westgate Office Park. This should be included as a Medium-Term priority in Figure I-1 of the Implementation Chapter. We also suggest a map be added to the Plan that indicates potential locations of these highway lids, including over 280 from Franklin to Territorial.	Y	ОК	Add an implementation item for freeway lids	Add a Medium-Term item in the Land Use Chapter Implementation chart to read: <u>Study the feasibility,</u> <u>appropriate location and desig</u> <u>of land bridges.</u>
Saint Anthony Park Community 562 Council (SAP)	Land Use	10. Major redevelopment projects are in the works for the Luther Seminary land and Commonwealth Terrace land in and abutting North Saint Anthony Park that are not compatible with the uses shown on Map LU-2. For the initial concepts of the University of Minnesota, see page 24 of this file.	Y	ОК	Review and adjust Map LU-2, as appropriate.	Agree

Saint Anthony Park Community 563 Council (SAP) Land Use	 11. The view of the Minneapolis skyline from high points in north Saint Anthony Park, such as along Bourne Ave, Hoyt Ave, and Fulham St, and from the Luther Seminary campus, is a significant public view that should be preserved and enhanced. Development on what is presently the northern half of Luther Seminary campus should be designed so that streets and other public spaces in the development take advantage of the view. The view should be an amenity to everyone, not just the private homeowners and renters in any redevelopment of the campus. The map should guide the future, not look to the past. 	γ	Agree	Review and add views, as appropriate	Agree
Saint Anthony Park Community 565 Council (SAP) Land Use	13. Mixed-Use should be added to the Neighborhood Node at Snelling and Como on the A Line transit route. Additional Neighborhood Nodes should be added at all major cross-street intersections with light rail and current and future Arterial Bus Rapid Transit and streetcar routes. To make the city truly walkable and to build a sense of identity in all areas, everyone should be within a half mile of a Neighborhood Node. This could transform Saint Paul into a city of true neighborhoods.		Nodes are located at all transit stops with the exception of the A Line, for which there are no station area plans.	Add Mixed Use to Como-Snelling Neighborhood Node on Map LU-2.	Agree
Saint Anthony Park			The current draft of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan already supports a diversity of housing choice and densities within the city's Urban Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H- 16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of the Comprehensive Plan does not make these policies law, but it does set the stage for subsequent zoning studies that may recommend allowing multi- family units in single-family zoning districts. To further support this work, the City Council in June 2018 requested (RES 18-1204) that the Planning Commission conduct a zoning study to allow triplexes and fourplexes in single- family zoning districts. This work will begin after adoption of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
Community 566 Council (SAP) Land Use	14. Medium density housing should be allowed by right (as per Policy H-48), rather than simply "encouraged" in Urban Neighborhoods (Policy LU-33).	Y	in Figure I-1 in the Implementation Chapter.	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to "Provide for."	Agree

				The current draft of the 2040			
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a			
				diversity of housing choice and			
				densities within the city's Urban			
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-			
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of			
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make			
				these policies law, but it does set the			
				stage for subsequent zoning studies			
				that may recommend allowing multi-			
				family units in single-family zoning			
				districts. To further support this work,			
				the City Council in June 2018 requested			
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning			
				Commission conduct a zoning study to			
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-			
		We strongly believe that the comprehensive plan should promote and allow density		family zoning districts. This work will			
		throughout the city, not just along transit corridors. We should follow Minneapolis'		begin after adoption of the 2040			
Dan Marshall		lead and abolish exclusionary zoning that allows only single family homes. By design,		Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed			
and Millie		single family zoning promotes car use, reduces walkability, and tends to exclude low-		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	In Policy LU-33, change "Encourage" to		
569 Adelsheim	Land Use	income residents, stratifying our city by income.	Y	Chapter.	"Provide for."	٨	gree
JUJ Adeisiteitti		income residents, stratifying our city by income.	1				
					Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"		
					to "overall." Add City-wide Policy LU-		
				It is not appropriate to remove parking			
				minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order		
				Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,		
				PED staff are currently working on a	accommodate increases in density on		
Dan Marshall				city-wide parking study and will add the			
and Millie		The following policies should be included in the Comprehensive Plan: • Parking		elimination of parking minimums to the			
571 Adelsheim	Land Use	minimums should be eliminated throughout the city.	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Δα	gree
			1	50047.	mooney modes.	78	

				The current draft of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				that may recommend allowing multi-		
				family units in single-family zoning		
				districts. To further support this work,		
				the City Council in June 2018 requested		
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to		
		Saint Paul is experiencing a housing shortage and dramatic increases in housing costs,		allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
		making it challenging for current and future residents to have stable, long-term		family zoning districts. This work will		
		housing plans within our city. I hope that we can increase the abundance of housing		begin after adoption of the 2040		
		and eliminate exclusionary zoning so that we can have more residents of diverse		Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
		circumstances (age, race, employment, family status, education, etc.) all contributing		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
573 Karen Allen	Land Use	to a strong economic future for Saint Paul.	Y	Chapter.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree
					Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
					to "overall." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
				It is not appropriate to remove parking		
				minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	
				Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,	
					accommodate increases in density on	
				city-wide parking study and will add the		
		• LU-13 Change "reduce parking minimums" to "eliminate". Especially pertinent for		elimination of parking minimums to the		
579 Karen Allen	Land Use	small multi-family residences (duplex up to 'missing middle' style buildings)	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree
					Add Neighborhood Nodes on the	
					Future Land Use Map to the following	
		Neighborhood Nodes Policy - p.33, Land Use Appendix A, Map LU-2 - p.42 • Add			intersections: Snelling-St. Clair and	
581 Karen Allen	Land Use	more locations in Highland/Mac/Summit Hill.	Y	ОК	Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree
				Nodes were generally already placed at	-	
		Neighborhood Nodes Policy - p.33, Land Use Appendix A, Map LU-2 - p.43 • Similar to		appropriate locations along these	Future Land Use Map to the following	
		University, all of West 7th/Riverview corridor should be NNs. Same for the A Line Bus		transit corridors, with the exception of	intersections: Snelling-St. Clair and	
582 Karen Allen	Land Use	BRT. Anything along a train or BRT Route should automatically be NN.	Y	a couple nodes along the A Line.	Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree

				The current draft of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				that may recommend allowing multi-		
				family units in single-family zoning		
				districts. To further support this work,		
				the City Council in June 2018 requested		
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to		
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
				family zoning districts. This work will		
				begin after adoption of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
		• LU-33 Strengthen "encourage" to "allow by right". There is no reason for the city to		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
583 Karen Allen	Land Use	block this development.	Y	Chapter.	"Provide for."	Agree
					Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
					to "overall." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
				It is not appropriate to remove parking		
				minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	
		LU-13 should "eliminate" parking minimums rather than "reduce" them. Parking		Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,	
		minimums inherently favor automobiles as a mode of transportation, burdening			accommodate increases in density on	
Jessa		business owners and housing developers with additional costs that are passed to		city-wide parking study and will add the		
Anderson-		consumers and residents, and undermining the possibility of St. Paul being a transit-		elimination of parking minimums to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
608 Reitz	Land Use	friendly, walk-able community.	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree
Jessa		LU-28 should be deleted. Transitions in building height harm no one, whether they				
Anderson-		are gradual or sudden. This policy would only be used to block development which is				
609 Reitz	Land Use	deemed too dense.	Y	Noted	Delete "gradually"	Agree
000			•			

						Т	
					The current draft of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
					diversity of housing choice and		
					densities within the city's Urban		
					Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
					16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
					the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
					these policies law, but it does set the		
					stage for subsequent zoning studies		
					that may recommend allowing multi-		
					family units in single-family zoning		
					districts. To further support this work,		
					the City Council in June 2018 requested		
					(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
					Commission conduct a zoning study to		
					allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
					family zoning districts. This work will		
					begin after adoption of the 2040		
	Jessa				Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
	Anderson-				in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
610	Reitz	Land Use	LU-33 should not just "encourage" medium-density housing, but "allow by right."	Y	Chapter.	"Provide for."	Agree
						Add Neighborhood Nodes on the	
	Jessa		Stations along current and planned transit lines (the Riverview Corridor, the A Line		Nodes are located at all transit stops	Future Land Use Map to the following	
	Anderson-		BRT, and future BRT Lines) should automatically be upgraded to Neighborhood		other than A Line, due to there being	intersections: Snelling-St. Clair and	
613	Reitz	Land Use	Nodes.	Y	no station area plans along the A Line.	Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree
			More Neighborhood Nodes should be added throughout the city, particularly in			Add Neighborhood Nodes on the	
			Highland, Macalaster-Groveland, and Summit Hill, where they are conspicuously few			Future Land Use Map to the following	
			in the current draft. Examples: Grand- Cleveland, Grand-Snelling, Grand-Hamline,			intersections: Selby-Milton; Snelling-St.	
			Grand-Lexington, St. Clair- Fairview, St. Clair-Snelling, St. Clair-Hamline, St. Clair-			Clair; Snelling-Minnehaha; E 7th-	
	Jessa		Lexington, Randolph-Cleveland, Randolph-Fairview, Randolph-Hamline, Randolph-Lex,			Payne; Arcade-Case; Arcade-Maryland;	
	Anderson-		Snelling-Ford, Hamline-Ford, Marshall-Fairview, Marshall-Snelling, Selby-Fairview,			White Bear-Minnehaha; White Bear-	
	Reitz	Land Use	Selby-Victoria, Hamline-Thomas, Fairview-Minnehaha, Maryland-Rice, Arlington-Rice.	Y	ок	Suburban; Cook-Phalen.	Agree

					1	
				The current draft of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				that may recommend allowing multi-		
				family units in single-family zoning		
				districts. To further support this work,		
				the City Council in June 2018 requested		
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to		
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
				family zoning districts. This work will		
				begin after adoption of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
				in Figure I-1 in the Implementation		
				Chapter. It is not appropriate to		
		This leads me to my second point: 2) Affordability must come with increasing demand		remove parking minimums as part of		
		to live in the city. Simply put, supply must keep up with demand, particularly with		the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work.		
		housing. The single most effective way the city can influence increasing the supply of		However, PED staff are currently		
		housing is to change zoning laws (allow for duplexes, triplexes, townhomes, and the		working on a city-wide parking study		
		"missing middle" in general) and to promote infill without minimum parking		and will add the elimination of parking	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
618 Kody Sher	lund Land Use	requirements.	Y	minimums to the study.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree
					Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
					to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
					XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>	
					devoted to off-street parking in order	
					to use land more efficiently,	
				PED staff are currently working on a	accommodate increases in density on	
				city-wide parking study and will add the		
		If mandatory parking spaces must come with development, incentivizing driving cars		elimination of parking minimums to the		
619 Kody Sher	lund Land Use	will continue, and valuable urban space is wasted on storing cars.	У	study.	mobility modes.	Agree

				The current draft of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				that may recommend allowing multi- family units in single-family zoning		
				districts. To further support this work,		
				the City Council in June 2018 requested		
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to		
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
				family zoning districts. This work will		
		I would like to see a plan at least as ambitious as Minneapolis's, where landowners		begin after adoption of the 2040		
		have greater freedom to build multi-unit dwellings in traditionally single-family		Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed		
		districts, and where increased housingboth affordable and market ratepermeates		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	Change Policy LU-33 "Encourage" to	
622 Scott Berg	er Land Use	the city, leading to more neighbors and more diverse neighbors.	Y	Chapter.	" <u>Provide for</u> ."	Agree
					Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
					to "overall." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
				It is not appropriate to remove parking		
		Delicies 111 12 and 111 14 aim to increase using space allocated to parking more		minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	
		Policies LU-13 and LU-14 aim to increase using space allocated to parking more efficiently. In addition to approaches such as shared use parking, eliminating parking		Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a	<u>to use land more efficiently,</u> accommodate increases in density on	
		minimums would be effective in allowing the market to provide an appropriate		city-wide parking study and will add the		
		amount of parking, thus relieving the financial and environmental strains associated		elimination of parking minimums to the	-	
625 Jeff Zaaye	Land Use	with building parking in excess because of minimum requirements.	v			Agree
625 Jett Zaaye	Land Use	with building parking in excess because of minimum requirements.	Ŷ	study.	mobility modes.	Agree

(27	leff Zeever		Policy LU-34 calls for "providing for multi family housing along arterial and collector streets to facilitate walking and leverage the use of public transportation" Given the public health impacts of exposure to particulate pollution caused by vehicles, as well as the effects of long term exposure to noise that interrupts sleep, I believe that multi family housing should not be exclusively promoted along busy corridors such as Marshall and Snelling Avenues. Because people of color and low income people as well as other underrepresented groups live in multi family housing development near noisy, polluted roads while preserving quiet neighborhoods with clean air for those who can afford single family homes is a massive equity issue. I would like to see the comp plan provided for not only along arterial and collector streets but across the city. In addition to equity benefits, this would allow for the density needed to support		Increasing housing along transit routes is the most efficient way to use land, and it allows the city to grow without overloading streets with automobiles. Additionally, it allows people to reduce their overall cost of living (since they do not need to own a car), which increases affordability. Some studies have shown increased health impacts along highways and 4-lane roads. However, this policy is not implemented in isolation. There are other trends and policies that influence health, such as cleaner and quieter vehicles, improving	Change Policy LU-34 to "Provide for multi-family housing along arterial and collector streets, <u>and in employment</u> <u>centers</u> to facilitate walking, access to jobs and the use of public	
627	Jeff Zaayer	Land Use	walkability and high quality public transportation.	Y	walkability.	transportation."	Agree
	Cory Zwiefelhofer	Land Use	2. Eliminating parking minimums altogether needs to become public policy;	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
634	Jake Reuter	Land Use	Parking minimums should be eliminated from Saint Paul's zoning code. Establishing artificial floors on the number of parking spaces that a development must provide increases the cost of development and ultimately rent or businesses and residents, regardless of whether or not they need the parking.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	<u>devoted to off-street parking in order</u> <u>to use land more efficiently,</u> <u>accommodate increases in density on</u> <u>valuable urban land, and promote the</u>	Agree
635	Jake Reuter	Land Use	More "nodes" should be added to the map, especially where two transit lines meet or there is existing streetcar-style commercial development. These nodes are what make Saint Paul an exciting and walkable place to live!	Y	ОК	Add Neighborhood Nodes on the Future Land Use Map to the following intersections: Selby-Milton; Snelling-St. Clair; Snelling-Minnehaha; E 7th- Payne; Arcade-Case; Arcade-Maryland; White Bear-Minnehaha; White Bear- Suburban; Cook-Phalen	Agree

				The current draft of the 2040		
				Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
				diversity of housing choice and		
				densities within the city's Urban		
				Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
				16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
				the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
				these policies law, but it does set the		
				stage for subsequent zoning studies		
				that may recommend allowing multi-		
				family units in single-family zoning		
				districts. To further support this work,		
				the City Council in June 2018 requested		
				(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
				Commission conduct a zoning study to		
				allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-	Change Policy LU-34 to "Provide for	
				family zoning districts. This work will	multi-family housing along arterial and	
				begin after adoption of the 2040	collector streets and in employment	
				Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed	centers to facilitate walking, access to	
		Saint Paul should follow the lead of Minneapolis and eliminate single-family exclusive		in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	jobs and the use of public	
636 Jake Reuter	Land Use	zoning. Triplexes should be allowable anywhere in our city.	Y	Chapter.	transportation."	Agree

						1	
					The current draft of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
					diversity of housing choice and		
					densities within the city's Urban		
					Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
					16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
					the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
					these policies law, but it does set the		
					stage for subsequent zoning studies		
					that may recommend allowing multi-		
					family units in single-family zoning		
					districts. To further support this work,		
					the City Council in June 2018 requested		
					(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
					Commission conduct a zoning study to		
					allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
					family zoning districts. This work will		
					begin after adoption of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
					in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
					Chapter.It is not appropriate to remove	XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>	
					parking minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order	
					Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,	
			I think this comprehensive plan should recognize the negative impact that exclusively		PED staff are currently working on a	accommodate increases in density on	
			zoning for single family homes has done to our city and allow for multi family		city-wide parking study and will add the	valuable urban land, and promote the	
			dwellings throughout the entire city, increase where mixed-use buildings are allowed,		elimination of parking minimums to the	use of transit and other non-car	
637	Philip Bussey	Land Use	and remove parking minimums.	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree
						Add Neighborhood Nodes on the	
						Future Land Use Map to the following	
						intersections: Selby-Milton; Snelling-St.	
					The node symbol does not indicate the	Clair; Snelling-Minnehaha; E 7th-	
			The size and number of neighborhood nodes should be expanded to allow for greater		literal size of the NN. The size will be	Payne; Arcade-Case; Arcade-Maryland;	
	Brendan		mixed-use density in commercial corridors. Increased density up to a half mile from		dictated by adopted plans, context and	White Bear-Minnehaha; White Bear-	
639	O'Shea	Land Use	the center of the node would be preferable.	Y	market.	Suburban; Cook-Phalen.	Agree
					Not all A Line stations were included	Add Neighborhood Nodes on the	
					because of stop frequency and because	Future Land Use Map to the following	
	Brendan		Neighborhood nodes that align with A Line stations, such as Snelling/Minnehaha,		there are no station area plans for the	intersections: Snelling-St. Clair and	
640	O'Shea	Land Use	should be included.	Y	stops.	Snelling-Minnehaha.	Agree

					I	
641	Brendan O'Shea	Land Use	The land use section describes the need to balance the needs of commerce with adjacent land use: "It is important to provide for [commercial transport] uses while ensuring minimum negative external impacts to adjacent land uses." Policy LU-53 addresses the mitigation of negative effects of highways. LU-54 or a related policy should similarly address the mitigation of negative effects of freight and intermodal operations, particularly in those areas (such as near Newell Park) where the encroachment has been of freight and intermodal uses upon residential areas rather than the opposite as the text of LU-54 implies.	Y	ОК	Add new Transpo <u>Provide for transp</u> ensuring minimur impacts to adjace
642	KI	Land Use	I support the following additions to the city's plan: 1) creative policies to stop the negative impacts of gentrification on residents and small businesses such as limits on how much rent can increase to protect affordable housing and commercial spaces for businesses (such as New York City's rent control)	Y	LU-4 addresses this as a matter of policy, but more detail on how to limit displacement could be part of a city- wide Economic Development Strategy.	Include in Econor Strategy impleme
643	Kathryn Noble	Land Use	St. Paul is currently very car-centric with single use parking lots and street parking, which makes for very inefficient and costly use of valuable space.	Y	Noted	Add City-wide Pol amount of land d parking in order t efficiently, accom density on valuab promote the use non-car mobility
647	Michael Healy	Land Use	The plan looks great except for one major flaw. It needs to be amended to call for the elimination of minimum off-street parking requirements, at least for commercial and industrial businesses and possibly some types of residential development as well. The policy goal could be formatted as something along the lines of "The City will eliminate minimum parking requirements for commercial and industrial properties and explore the elimination or reduction of minimum parking requirements for residential properties."	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	

portation policy: LU-XX. <u>Isportation uses while</u> um negative external cent land uses.	Agree
<u> </u>	
omic Development nentation item.	Agree
Policy LU-XX. <u>Reduce the</u> <u>devoted to off-street</u> <u>r to use land more</u> <u>mmodate increases in</u> <u>able urban land, and</u> <u>e of transit and other</u> <u>y modes.</u>	Agree
3: Change "minimums" d City-wide Policy LU- amount of land street parking in order re efficiently, ncreases in density on land, and promote the nd other non-car	
<u>.</u>	Agree

r						
			The usefulness of minimum parking requirements has been thoroughly debunked and they have very little support these days from anyone who takes the issue seriously. The requirements are even starting to lose support in rural areas and amongst conservatives, despite their "pro-car" attitudes, because minimum parking requirements are anti-business and flat-out don't work well. Minimum parking requirements represent an unnecessary and heavy-handed "big government" intervention into the marketplace which attempts to solve a problem that doesn't even exist. Most businesses that need parking are going to build parking as they won't be able to get bank financing otherwise. Developers will build the type of parking that they need to build to keep their tenants happy. The free market will figure parking out and 99% of the time will do a better job than the zoning code's arbitrary parking requirements. Cities kill or hurt good projects all the time by making an arbitrary determination that "there isn't enough parking." The business then either has to try to get a variance (costly, time-consuming, and prone to sabotage by neighborhood groups and other businesses) or has to buy up neighboring properties to buildoze them and put up more parking. More often than not, this results in an oversized parking lot that sits at least partially empty most of the time. Also, the City loses the		minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the	use of transit and other non-car
	Michael Healy Michael Healy		It would be a huge missed opportunity if we failed to include this goal in our 2040 plan. Honestly, I don't think its possible to achieve any of the other goals regarding walkability, housing affordability, increased transit usage, etc. if this issue isn't addressed. By 2040, most cities aren't going to have minimum parking requirements, everything is moving in that direction. Saint Paul has an opportunity to be a leader in this. Please, let's get some language in our comprehensive plan! I want to bring to your attention a couple of omissions: Page 33: A reminder that both the District 6 and District 10 boards have requested		study. It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	<u>use of transit and other non-car</u> mobility modes.
658	Michael Kuchta	Land Use	that the Como/Front/Dale area be designated an "opportunity site," not merely a "neighborhood node."	Y	ОК	Add Opportunity Site at Como/Front/Dale
659	Jake Reilly	Land Use	Map LU-5 community designation must be revised to show the city in context with surrounding communities and the plan must state somewhere (anywhere. On the map. In the text. Somewhere.) that the minimum residential density for an Urban Center is 20 units per acre, in order to meet the minimum requirements outlined in the Checklist of Minimum Requirements provided by the Metropolitan Council.		Density table, including Urban Center, is provided in Figure LU-4.	Revise Map LU-5 to show the Thrive MSP 2040 designation for Saint Paul in its regional context.

e parking	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. Reduce the amount of land devoted to off-street parking in order	
	to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the use of transit and other non-car	
	mobility modes.	Agree
owever, g on a ll add the	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u> <u>devoted to off-street parking in order</u> <u>to use land more efficiently,</u> <u>accommodate increases in density on</u> <u>valuable urban land, and promote the</u> <u>use of transit and other non-car</u> <u>mobility modes.</u>	Agree
	Add Opportunity Site at Como/Front/Dale	Agree
Center,	Revise Map LU-5 to show the Thrive MSP 2040 designation for Saint Paul in its regional context.	Agree

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662 /	Alicia Valenti	Land Lise	Policies LU-13 and LU-14 aim to increase using space allocated to parking more efficiently. In addition to approaches such as shared-use parking, eliminating parking minimums would be effective in allowing the market to provide an appropriate amount of parking, thus relieving the financial and environmental strains associated with building parking in excess because of minimum requirements.		It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However,	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Ágree
002 /			שונה סטוטווק אמראווק וו באנביז שבנמעזב טו חווווווועווו ובקטוופווופוונז.	I	study.		Agree
670	Michael Sonn	Land Lise	We should be discussing eliminating parking minimums city-wide.		It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
0701			We should be discussing entimating parking minimums city-wide.	у	study.		Agree
671	Michael Sonn	Land Use	There should dozens of more neighborhood nodes.	Y		Add Neighborhood Nodes on the Future Land Use Map to the following intersections: Selby-Milton; Snelling-St. Clair; Snelling-Minnehaha; E 7th- Payne; Arcade-Case; Arcade-Maryland; White Bear-Minnehaha; White Bear- Suburban; Cook-Phalen.	Agree
674	Michael Sonn	Land Use	 Policies LU-13 and LU-14 aim to increase using space allocated to parking more efficiently. In addition to approaches such as shared-use parking, eliminating parking minimums would be effective in allowing the market to provide an appropriate amount of parking, thus relieving the financial and environmental strains associated with building parking in excess because of minimum requirements. 		It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However,	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree

	1					1		
	Peter Berglund	Land Use	My proposal is to eliminate the city's minimum off-street parking requirement for new multifamily housing and replace it with a maximum off-street parking requirement. Residents living in the new multifamily housing would not get permits to park on the street, of there would be only a limited number of permits issued. Existing area residents would be granted parking permits. Permit parking program costs could be paid for with fines for violators. And if the city is making so much more in property taxes, this would help offset the administration of a permit parking program.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	1	Agree
0	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	a. Specially, the Payne/Phalen intersection and the 5-10-minute walk shed around that intersection should be added to the list of "Opportunity Sites" (see page 45, Map LU-3)	Y	ок	Add Opportunity Site at Payne-Phalen		Agree
0	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	c. From a readability/clarity perspective, the name of the bullet point on page 8 should be changed to "Opportunity Sites" so that it is consistent with the name of Map LU-3 on page 45.	Y	ок	Change "large redevelopment sites" to " <u>Opportunity sites</u> " on page 8	,	Agree
0	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	a. Unlike other chapters which are organized by goals, the Land Use Chapter has goals, but policies are organized by both geographic parts of the city and specific land use types. This makes it's hard to see how each policy relates to the five high-level goals. This is not a fatal flaw by any means, but it does make it harder to understand how the city's goals will be carried out – particularly in an equitable manner - given that as a product of history and the patterns of historic development, not all land uses are distributed evenly across the city.	Y	This chapter is organized a bit differently, but we thought it made more sense to focus policy by land use category rather than goal.	Add appendix table with policy numbers organized under goals as reference.		Agree
0	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	b. Economic growth and population growth should most definitely be focused around transit. But the transit lines that currently exists in many parts of St. Paul, parts of District 5 among them, does not in all cases serve the needs of the populations that are most transit-dependent. Ideally transit service would be provided to the places where residents are most in need (dependency) and the places with the most capacity (potential for economic growth) rather than just where service has historically been offered by Metro Transit. In other words, there are large swaths of the population (particularly in ACPs) that are not well-served by existing transit lines. That being the case, these populations are in danger of losing out on economic growth if "transit" is not more precisely spelled out. Calling out the inherent economic need for providing reliable, equitable transit service to such communities would be hugely beneficial in helping to raise those populations out of poverty.	Υ	Agree with the need for a comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, and for it to be informed by the City's Racial Equity Plan.	Add a short-term item to the Implementation chapter under Land Use: <u>Initiate_a city-wide,</u> <u>comprehensive equitable economic</u> <u>development strategy. It_should</u> <u>include local-scaled topics, such as</u> <u>Neighborhood Nodes, as well as</u> <u>regional issues, such as transit and</u> workforce development.		Agree

695	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	9. Page 29, section entitled "Citywide": Policies LU-1 through LU-4 and LU-6 are all very strong. Excellent! While land use is a critical component of these policies, they are really the kernel of a strong economic development strategy by the City – and they deserve to be thought through, extrapolated, and clarified as such. As noted above, "Economic Growth" is a good thing for a good many people, but it is very rarely equitable. And the experience of American cities over many decades has demonstrated that not everyone shares in the benefits of economic growth equitably. More to the point, many people suffer and bear the unintended consequences of "someone else's growth." This set of policies seems to represent a true commitment by the City to change this paradigm. If so, then such intentions are so important and so consequential to our future that that commitment needs to be worked out and thought through so that something more purposeful can be put in place for that eventual reality to even be a considered possibility.		Agree with the need for a city-wide comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, and for it to be informed by the City's Racial Equity Plan.	Add a short-term item to the Implementation chapter under Land Use: <u>Initiate a city-wide,</u> <u>comprehensive equitable economic</u> <u>development strategy. It should</u> <u>include local-scaled topics, such as</u> <u>Neighborhood Nodes, as well as</u> <u>regional issues, such as transit and</u> workforce development.	Agree
	Payne-Phalen Community Council		11. Page 29, Policy LU-6: This policy is (mostly) fantastic. But it's not land use policy.; its economic development policy – and its needs and deserves to be thought out and articulated in a much more detailed and comprehensive manner than is otherwise possible when it is standing-in as a land use policy alone.		Agree with the need for a city-wide comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, and for it to be informed by the City's Racial Equity Plan.	Add a short-term item to the Implementation chapter under Land Use: <u>Initiate a city-wide,</u> <u>comprehensive equitable economic</u> <u>development strategy. It should</u> <u>include local-scaled topics, such as</u>	Agree
	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	12. Page 29, "Benefits of Transit-Oriented Development" and page 30: "Applying ACPs to St. Paul:" These sidebars are very useful in many ways. That said, we think that both of these need to be more emphatic on the importance of meaningful, reliable access to educational opportunities and employment opportunities from the perspective of the working public, especially the working poor. For instance, Payne-Phalen has one of the highest unemployment rates in the city, one of the lowest levels of education attainment, and one of the lowest levels of household income. This means that from an economic perspective, many households could benefit from reliable transit service – but only if it reliably connects them to clusters of employment and educational opportunity across St. Paul and throughout the Metropolitan Area.	Y	ОК	Add text to Economic Development bullet in TOD sidebar, p. 29	Agree

		In particular, the city is full of business parks and industrial parks that have good paying jobs (jobs that don't always require a high level of education), but too often such places don't have very good transit service – if they have it at all. That lack of service might come from the relative low-level of employment intensity as a function of low-level commercial/industrial density, i.e. the vast amounts of space given over to huge swaths of surface parking. So, because of the land use/intensity model that's been in place for many decades in developing in St. Pauls' industrial and business parks, people from high unemployment, low-education households sometime need to spend proportionately too much of their precious income on owning and maintaining a car precisely because over the years, land use policy (including TOD) has not emphasized the critical importance of employment density in such places. As a consequence, those who can least afford to eke out a car payment are compelled to do so that they can get to relatively good paying jobs in such places. And that's a Catch-22 for many working families. Others who can't afford to have a car so that they can get to business and industrial parks are left with few choices beyond such as low-wage jobs cleaning offices or working in restaurants downtown because that's the only place where the current transit lines go on a reliable basis. For example,			Change Policy LU-34 to "Provide for	
		there's no good way to use transit to connect from Payne-Phalen to the job clusters			multi-family housing along arterial and	
Payne-Phalen		in Energy Park or the West Side Flats without a trip that is well over an hour and requires one or more transfers. Metro Transit will not even considering offering			collector streets <u>and in employment</u> <u>centers</u> to facilitate walking, access to	
Community		service if there isn't a certain level of residential density correlated with employment			jobs and the use of public	
702 Council	Land Use	density.	Y	Comment acknowledged	transportation."	Agree
Payne-Phalen Community 706 Council	Land Use	a. First, we believe that the City should develop a strong and durable economic development and investment strategy to help neighborhood nodes survive and thrive. Many nodes are healthy but could use a boost to strengthen them. Too many other neighborhoods have been ravaged by the vagaries of Post-World War II suburbanization and the associate disinvestment. Those nodes still have high-levels of transit service and strong residential populations. But they need infill development of redevelopment of parcels that were given over to suburban-style design strategies in the 1960s-2000. Given the population growth expected in St. Paul in the coming decade, these next ten years are an optimal time for the City to make strategic, catalytic investments to consolidate the strength of neighborhood nodes across the city, most especially in Areas on Concentrated Poverty.	Y	Agree with the need for a city-wide comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, and for it to be informed by the City's Racial Equity Plan.	Add a short-term item to the Implementation chapter under Land Use: <u>Initiate a city-wide,</u> <u>comprehensive equitable economic</u> <u>development strategy. It should</u> <u>include local-scaled topics, such as</u> <u>Neighborhood Nodes, as well as</u> <u>regional issues, such as transit and</u> <u>workforce development.</u>	Agree
Payne-Phalen		d. Third, we strongly recommend inclusion of two locations that we believe already are important nodes in District 5 but are not called out on the map in this draft: Arcade and Case and Arcade and Maryland both have strong commercial land uses, regular bus service and both are proximate to residential population. It's kind of mind				
Community	Lond Lies	boggling that neither of these was called out - considering that there are two buses	v		Add nodes at Arcade-Case and Arcade-	Agroo
709 Council	Land Use	on Arcade. We assume that was an unintentional oversight.	Y	ОК	Maryland.	Agree

			e. In addition, a node should be added at East 7th and Payne Avenue. The importance of this intersection in the city's street grid, the level and future capacity at this intersection and the strong potential for redevelopment in this location would support a mix of residential, commercial-office, commercial-retail, and education/institutional uses. This intersection has transit connectivity and the high potential for intensive redevelopment and additional transit capacity that comes with that. Such redevelopment potential in this location would have many benefits such (a) as adding employment opportunities along existing transit spines (as opposed to within business parks that have extensive surface parking), (b) providing greater				
	Payne-Phalen		opportunities to connect new and existing populations to Swede Hollow, a daylighted Phalen Creek, and (c) re-urbanizing the expanse of knicky-knacky, suburban style				
	Community		development patterns that stretch along East Seventh Street between Downtown and				
710	Council	Land Use	Metropolitan State University.	Y	ок	Add a node at E. 7th-Payne	Agree
	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	f. Fourth, and not insignificantly, the legend of the map should indicate that the extent of the black line that denotes each node is a measure of comfortable walking distance to that intersection and that such proximity is a foundational to higher transit usage/service which means the possibility that fewer households need to own cars (by choice of by necessity). The addition to the legend is a readability measure. The possibilities that may come from the public understanding that measurement could or should be drawn out more clearly in a later amendment of an environmental "chapter"/strategy to the comprehensive plan.	Y	Noted. The symbol is not intended to be literal regarding size of the node.	Add disclaimer to map.	Agree
	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Land Use	a. First, we believe strongly that the intersection of Payne and Phalen should be added to this map and the associated list. This intersection has very high redevelopment potential because it is a station stop on the planned Rush Line Bus Rapid Transit Line (BRT) and because there is a healthy handful of publicly-owned parcels that together add up to an opportunity of similar characteristics to the other sites currently listed in the draft document. It's not clear what might delineate a red star/mixed use site from a yellow-star/urban neighborhood site, but we think that this location has a very strong potential to be a much improved mixed-use, transit- oriented urban neighborhood (in real life terms if not only in professional planning lingo/categories alone). In any case, we request that you please add this site to the map and the list.	Y	Agree	Add an Opportunity Site at Payne- Phalen.	Agree

						[]
		b. In addition, the stretch along East Seventh Street between Downtown and				
		Metropolitan State University should be added to the list of "Opportunity Sites." This				
		stretch currently feels like a void in the urban fabric – and redeveloping that void in a				
		more dense, urban way would connect up various places (Lower Phalen business				
		Park, Payne and West 7th in Railroad Island, and Dayton's Bluff. This stretch has a				
		great deal of future capacity as well as the strong potential for redevelopment that				
		would support a mix of residential, commercial-office, commercial-retail, and				
		education/institutional uses. The area has transit connectivity and the high potential				
		for intensive redevelopment and additional transit capacity that comes with that.				
		Such redevelopment potential in this area would have many benefits such (a) as				
		adding employment opportunities along existing transit spines (as opposed to within				
		business parks that have extensive surface parking), (b) providing greater				
		opportunities to connect new and existing populations to Swede Hollow, a daylighted				
Payne-Phalen		Phalen Creek, and (c) re-urbanizing the expanse of knicky-knacky, suburban style			Add Opportunity Site along E. 7th	
Community		development patterns that stretch along East Seventh Street between Downtown and			between Downtown and Metro State	
715 Council	Land Use	Metropolitan State University.	Y	ОК	University.	Agree
		a. From nearby the intersection of Payne and Maryland Avenue facing south, there is				
		a broad, sweeping view of the Mississippi River Valley and the bluffs of the West Side.				
		This view is very dramatic, particularly at certain times of the day and year. This				
		change in topography and the view that comes with it really enhances the very				
Payne-Phalen		special sense of place along a several-block stretch of Payne Avenue. This is a really				Agree. All views are noted and
Community		dramatic view for a city where so many places are characterized by their flatness in				described in attached Map LU-4
718 Council	Land Use	topography. The view should be noted, preserved, and enhanced.	Y	ОК	Add view	Significant Public Views.
		b. Likewise, from nearby the intersection of Payne and Maryland Avenue facing west				
		on Maryland, there is a wonderful view of the Minneapolis skyline rising up over the				
		neighborhoods in St. Paul - especially those of the North End! Given the city's street				
Payne-Phalen		grid, it's unlikely that this view corridor would ever be blocked, but future				Agree. All views are noted and
Community		streetscaping and change along Maryland Avenue should take this view into account				described in attached Map LU-4
719 Council	Land Use	so that it can be protected and enhanced.	Y	ОК	Add view	Significant Public Views.
		c. On Johnson Parkway, facing north between Phalen Boulevard and Wheelock				
Payne-Phalen		Parkway East/East Lakeshore Drive there is a very wide and wonderful view of Lake				Agree. All views are noted and
Community		Phalen. This view along this stretch of parkway and park land feels like a gateway to				described in attached Map LU-4
720 Council	Land Use	and enchanted land. This view corridor should be identified, preserved and enhanced.	Y	ОК	Add view	Significant Public Views.
		d. One of the absolute best nicture perform views of the St. Devil during is from the				
		d. One of the absolute best, picture postcard views of the St. Paul skyline is from the				
		vantage point at the south end of Rivoli Street (a block south of Mt. Ida Street). It's				
		also one of the least known, which is kind of nice too. Recent redevelopment on the				
		west side of this block of Rivoli has capitalized on that view (no pun intended) so that				
		it is available to new residents – which is great. But that calls for some sort more				
Payne-Phalen		defined overlook and green space at the far south end of Rivoli to ensure that this				Agree. All views are noted and
Community		remarkably breathtaking view is preserved and available to the general public for				described in attached Map LU-4
721 Council	Land Use	generations into the future.	Y	ОК	Add view	Significant Public Views.

Payne-Phalen Community 722 Council	Land Use	18. Page 48, Map LU-6: Gross Solar Potential: Thanks for adding this map! It's important to be thinking about energy as a topic going forward. Two comments: a. In the interest of expanding public education and conversancy on this topic, it might be good to notate the map to indicate this is about the potential for solar energy collection, not use. It's fairly obvious, but in a time when community solar energy is available in many locations, it would be good to ensure that no one in the public is dissuaded because they might have been confused by this otherwise very useful graphic.	Y	ОК	Add note to map	Agree
Payne-Phalen Community 723 Council	Land Use	58. Those chapters where the sequence of policies is closely tied to the numbering and sequence of goal statements are the easiest to read, understand, and absorb. In cases such as the land use chapter, the organization is by a professional typology – not policy goals. So, while that makes sense in relating policy to specific types, this choice makes it tough to trace whether such policies might actually be effective in helping to realize the goals of the chapter.	Y	ОК	Add appendix table with policy numbers organized under goals as reference.	Agree
Amy Gunderman	Land Use	Here's the nut of it: First, the draft document includes very strong and very purposeful intention about equitable economic development going forward – but much of it is masquerading as land use or one of the other policy topics. Land use is an essential component to successful and equitable economic development, but they aren't the same thing. And in my estimation – as a planning professional, as a resident, and as a citizen of this metropolitan area – St. Paul could really, really benefit form a strong, articulate, and concerted economic development strategy –one that is fully explored, fully fleshed out, fully resourced and fully aligned with the city's land use, housing, and transportation policies. All of the components of economic development - Education, employment, commerce, industry, property development and revitalization – matter to our lives for each and every one of us. Its where opportunity lives and grows. Unfortunately, it's also where too many currently living in St. Paul just can't reach that opportunity. The Board requests that you address the inconsistent treatment of Dunlap and Selby in the City's draft 2040 Comprehensive Plan as compared to the Union Park District Council's Community Plan.	Y	Agree with the need for a city-wide comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, and for it to be informed by the City's Racial Equity Plan.	Add a short-term item to the Implementation chapter under Land Use: Initiate a city-wide, comprehensive equitable economic development strategy. It should include local-scaled topics, such as Neighborhood Nodes, as well as regional issues, such as transit and workforce development. Move Neighborhood Node at Selby- Dunlap to Selby-Milton	Agree Agree
Amy Gunderman 726 (LHCC)	Land Use	The draft 2040 Comprehensive Plan identifies the corner of Selby and Dunlap as a "Neighborhood Node." (The Comprehensive Plan incorrectly refers to this node as located at Selby and Milton on page 33, but accurately includes the Node on Map LU-2, according to Principal City Planner Anton Jerve.)	Y	ОК	Move Neighborhood Node at Selby- Dunlap to Selby-Milton	Agree

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		According to the Comprehensive Plan,					
		"The Neighborhood Node designation is based on locations planned for higher-					
		density, mixed-use development in adopted small area, neighborhood and master					
		plans; community feedback on locations with market potential and neighborhood					
		support; review of current zoning designations; analysis of current and future land					
		use; and locations of existing or planned transit" (33). This language contradicts the					
		Union Park Community Plan, which states, "Smaller scale residential and smaller scale					
		commercial uses are the most appropriate uses for the predominantly residential					
Amy		mixed-use corridor of Selby Avenue between Lexington parkway and Ayd Mill Road. If					
, Gunderman		new development should occur in this segment, it would preferably occur at existing			Move Neighborhood Node at Selby-		
	Land Use	commercially-zoned nodes" (LU1.4).	Y	ОК	Dunlap to Selby-Milton		Agree
		The language for LU1.4 was developed through an extended, joint community					
		engagement process conducted by Union Park District Council and the Lexington-					
		Hamline Community Council at the request of City Planners Hillary Lovelace and Kady					
		Dadlez. More about this process and reasoning is described in my letter to the					
Amy		Planning Commission, dated December 5, 2017 (enclosed). Provision LU1.4 was					
Gunderman		approved by the City Planning Commission on February 23, 2018, and by City Council			Move Neighborhood Node at Selby-		
728 (LHCC)	Land Use	on April 4, 2018, as an amendment to the full Union Park Community Plan.	Y	ОК	Dunlap to Selby-Milton		Agree
		The City's draft Comprehensive Plan does not account for the engagement work done					
		by the Union Park District Council and by the Lexington-Hamline Community Council					
		as it regards the intersection of Selby and Dunlap. Our shared community members					
		expressed clear opposition to the higher-density, mixed-use development described					
Amy		in the draft Comprehensive Plan, as reflected in the Union Park Community Plan. The					
Gunderman		Board requests that the language at issue be removed from the City's draft 2040			Move Neighborhood Node at Selby-		
729 (LHCC)	Land Use	Comprehensive Plan. Thank you for your help in this matter.	Y	ОК	Dunlap to Selby-Milton		Agree
		Add a Neighborhood Node to Map LU-2 at Cook/Phalen (just SW of Johnson/Phalen)					
734 Bill Dermody	Land Use	to reflect late 2018 addition of a Rush Line station here.	Y	ОК	Add node at Cook-Phalen	43	Agree
District 1 Land		pg. 102: We request you add a new "proposed regional trail search corridor" along		Agree, would connect two regional	Add Proposed Regional Trail Search		
Use		the Union Pacific RR Altoona Subdivision from Johnson Pkwy to the eastern city limits		park facilities. Rail is in active service,	Corridor from Lake Phalen to eastern		
738 Committee	Parks	to be named "Phalen - Lake Elmo" and connecting those two regional parks.	Y	but identifies potential of the corridor.	city limits to Map P-3.	102	Agree
Saint Paul					"Use customer and resident feedback		
Parks and				Policy PR-9 already does this, but	on needs, satisfaction and trends to		
Recreation		We must review (types) of sports and hours of operation, etc. in communities we		doesn't include advancing equity as a	improve park experience, advance		
	Parks	serve.		goal.	· · · · <u> </u>	96	Agree
Saint Paul				-	<u> </u>	1	-
Parks and					Update Review adopted master plans		
Recreation		Consider changing Implementation Item #8 from "Update" to "Review" since it is			in response to for conformance with		
	Parks	uncertain that updates would be necessary.	Y	Agree.	the 2040 Comprehensive Plan.		Agree
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Saint Paul Parks and Recreation 745 Commission	Parks	Specific amenities and features that are still high priority items in the Parks and Recreation system aren't specified or called out in any policy item, including; golf courses, play areas, pools, and the Como Park Zoo & Conservatory.	Y	Agree that these important elements need to be identified.	Revise introduction to include Como and expand description of things beyond land and buildings (zoo, play areas, pools, golf courses).	94	Agree. New text in attached "Non-Policy Recommended Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
Saint Paul		Specific partnerships, especially long-standing ones that have benefited the			PR-29. Seek out partnerships with		
Parks and		department and city over the course of several decades, aren't called out in any			private entities, such as Como Friends,		
Recreation		policy item, including the long-standing partnership with Como Friends at the Como		Agree, provide example of Como	to finance capital and maintenance		
747 Commission	Parks	Park Zoo & Conservatory	Y	Friends.	costs	97	Agree
Saint Paul Parks and Recreation 750 Commission	Parks	An evaluation of where we are compared to the national scale.	Y	Trust for Public Land annual reports track this.	Mention national standing in introduction.	94	Agree. New text in attached "Non-Policy Recommended Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
Saint Paul Parks and Recreation 751 Commission	Parks	PR-5: Add - 'play areas, pools, and other amenities' after Community Centers.	Y	Agree	PR-5. Prioritize investment in physical assets of Community Centers <u>, play</u> <u>areas</u> , pools, and other amenities to ensure that common minimum standards are met. Implementation Item #12: Develop a set of measurable performance standards for all Community Centers <u></u> <u>play areas</u> , pools, and other amenities.	95	Agree
Saint Paul Parks and Recreation 752 Commission	Parks	PR-6: Change - 'recreation AT neighborhood and community parks' from TO neighborhood and community parks'.	Y	Agree	PR-6. Use mobile recreation to fill park or recreation service gaps, enhance events, and provide quality recreation to <u>at</u> neighborhood and community parks.	95	Agree
Saint Paul Parks and Recreation 753 Commission	Parks	PR-28 or PR-29: To address the lack of acknowledgement from the non-profit supporters of the system, like Como Friends (mentioned above), could add "Como Friends" as an example for collaboration or fostering current relationships.	Y	Agree	(Done as part of earlier comment.) PR-29. Seek out partnerships with private entities <u>, such as Como Friends,</u> to finance capital and maintenance costs	97	Agree
Saint Paul Parks and Recreation 754 Commission	Parks	On page 95 - In the text under "Perceptions of Park" - refine the whole description and paragraph to reflect the fact that definitions do not always translate to preference. Staff would welcome the opportunity to help refine.	Y	Agree - Parks staff has provided feedback on this, and PED staff will revise.	Revise sidebar: Perceptions of Park.	95	Agree. New text in attached "Non-Policy Recommended Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.

755 Tom Dimond	Parks	Implement access from our neighborhoods to our riverfront. Pedestrian, bicycle and wildlife connections are essential for residents and visitors to access and enjoy the health and wellness benefits that should be available to all. The Eastside in particular has a sever shortage of safe access. Pigs Eye Parkway and the trails shown in the Great River Passage Plan are a priority for implementation.		Agree the Mississippi is underrepresented in this city-wide Comprehensive Plan, but the <i>Great</i> <i>River Passage Master Plan</i> , adopted as an addendum to the Comprehensive Plan in 2013, has connections to and along the river as a core principle. In the 2040 draft, access is addressed somewhat through PR-2: reduce physical barriers, and PR-37: Improve ped and bike connections between park facilities and other significant destinations such as rivers, but a more direct policy should be added.	NEW <u>Policy PR-43. Support facility</u> improvements that better connect neighborhoods to the Mississippi River. Add reference to GRP in sidebar or	98	Agree. New text on Great River Passage Master Plan in attached "Non-Policy Recommended Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
759 Tom Dimond	Parks	In Highwood, work to protect natural areas and restore habitat including the numerous parcels of parkland/open space. The City and County should develop a joint management plan, including trail access, public scenic points, signage to identify public open space and designation as part of the Regional Parks and Open Space system.	Y	Agree that policy re: habitat and ecology is lacking.	New policy after PR-27 in Environmental and Economic Sustainability section: <u>Policy PR-XX.</u> <u>Promote the ecological function of</u> <u>parkland and open space, while</u> <u>balancing it against nature-based</u> <u>recreation and other public uses.</u>	97	Agree
				Implementation Item #3 calls to maintain accurate maps. Additional clarity is appropriate. Regarding parkland zoning, PED staff prepared a memo for P&R Commission and	Revise Implementation Item #3 to read: <u>Maintain accurate maps that</u> <u>show, at a minimum: city parks, service</u> area, property boundaries, transit		Agree with proposed new language for Implementation Item #3. Add new Short-Term Parks Chapter Implementation item to read: <u>Complete the</u> Parks, Civic and Open Space Zoning Study initiated by <u>Planning Commission</u> <u>Resolution 14-11, removing the</u> <u>reference to Parks Policy 2.1 in</u> <u>the 2030 Comprehensive Plan.</u> Referenced memo to Parks and Recreation Commission is attached to 3.14.19 memo to Planning Commission from Comprehensive and Neighborhood Planning

			All maps should clearly show which spaces are parklands and cemeteries. It is		Per general revision: Maps IN-1 through	Per general revision: Add parks and		
	Nancy O'Brien		misleading to not differentiate these spaces when outlining things like "poverty rates"			open spaces to Maps IN-1 through IN-		
	,	Parks	or "households with out cars."	Ŷ	space areas on the base.		15-27	Agree
	Nancy O'Brien Wagner	Parks	Page 95 - The information on what perceived barriers exist for minority residents in regards to parks is only helpful if you also describe what perceived barriers exist for white residents. You may actually be creating or perpetuating a false sense of differences between groups. (I suspect time, and lack of awareness might apply to white visitors, too.)	Y	Comment acknowledged. Will be revising this language per other comments.	Revision to Perception sidebar.	95	Agree. New text in attached "Non-Policy Recommended Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
	Nancy O'Brien Wagner	Parks	Where is the reference to protecting the natural assets of parks? The water resources? The animals and wildlife?	Y		New policy after PR-27 in Environmental and Economic Sustainability section: <u>Policy PR-XX.</u> <u>Promote the ecological function of</u> <u>parkland and open space, while</u> <u>balancing it against nature-based</u> <u>recreation and other public uses.</u>	97	Agree
	Nancy O'Brien	Parks	The only mention of beauty comes in a reference to encouraging private entities to beautify their lands. Shouldn't public parks be beautiful?	Y	Point taken - will try to incorporate in intro.		94	Agree. New text in attached "Recommended Narrative Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
						Add note in Intro or sidebar that repeats language in existing plan: "One of the ways that parkland in Saint Paul is protected for future park users is the City's "no net loss" policy. This policy is a part of Saint Paul's City Charter, Section 13.01.1, and reads, "Lands which may have been heretofore acquired by any means or which may hereafter be acquired by any means for park purposes shall not be diverted to other uses or disposed of by the city. When the City Council decides that diversion or disposal of parkland is in the public interest, additional parklands must be acquired to replace the lands that are diverted, preferably		Agree. New text in attached "Recommended Narrative
	Friends of the		It is important that mention be made of the No Net Loss Provision in the Saint Paul			within the same District Council area		Revisions in Parks Chapter of
	Park and	Daula	City Charter. This provision is highly relevant to all development decisions involving		Agree that this is important and should	and of a similar nature to the diverted	070	2040 Comprehensive Plan,"
/85	Trails	Parks	our park system and yet there is no reference to it.	Y	be referenced.	parkland."	97?	dated 2/22/19.

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						Implementation Item #3: Maintain		
						accurate maps that show, at a		
Friends o			There is currently no official map of the city's parkland, making the goals of			minimum: <u>city parks,</u> service area,		
Park and	d		maintenance and asset management particularly challenging. We recommend the city		Addressed in implementation item #3,	property boundaries, transit access		
786 Trails	Par	rks	make mapping parkland a priority.	Y	but could be clarified.	and physical barriers.	220	Agree
Friends o Park and	d		There is no mention in the draft of the Parkland Dedication Ordinance. While we recognize this is a high-level document, given the goals of the plan and the value statements, and knowing it will be referenced when making funding and development decisions, it may be helpful to make note of this valuable tool that can			Policy PR-18. Ensure that investment in City parks accounts for planned increases in development density <u>through tools such as parkland</u>		
788 Trails	Par	rks	help us reach the desired outcomes of resiliency and sustainability.	Y	Agree	dedication.	97	Agree
Friends o Park and 790 Trails		rks	Policy PR-1. Ensure equitable access to Parks and Recreation programs, resources and amenities including, but not limited to, racial, ethnic, income, ability, and geographic diversity. (The goal is that the users of the system are reflective of the population, not solely addressing physical access to parks but actual equity of use and opportunity. This also relates to PR-4.)	Y	Agree that this could be clarified.	Restate brief description of equity from general intro in chapter intro.	94	Agree. New text in attached "Recommended Narrative Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
Friends o Park and 793 Trails			Policy PR-24. Develop shared-use facilities as a first option when contemplating new or replacement indoor recreation facilities while recognizing the importance of maintaining public access. (Privatization of public facilities doesn't seem to be the goal here so it's important for that to be put in writing somehow.)	Y	Public access is implied if facility is shared, but suggest the following revision instead.	"Develop <u>publicly-accessible</u> shared- use facilities as a first option"	97	Agree
Friends o Park and 795 Trails			Policy PR-29. Seek out partnerships with private entities to finance capital and maintenance costs of Parks and Recreation facilities without compromising good design solutions, reducing public access or over-commercializing the public realm.	Y	Agree.	Policy PR-29. Seek out partnerships with private entities to finance capital and maintenance costs of Parks and Recreation facilities without compromising good design solutions, <u>reducing public access</u> or over- commercializing the public realm.	97	Agree
Friends o Park and 798 Trails		rks	Policy PR-41. Involve staff from the Department of Parks and Recreation and park and community advocacy groups from the beginning in the early stages of discussions regarding large-scale land redevelopment sites. (We acknowledge staff plays an important role when meeting with developers at the beginning of projects and we certainly don't intend for this to be an interference with that. However, we believe it is reasonable that the public should be involved in the early stages of large-scale developments and not just after potential uses have been whittled down to certain choices.)	Y	Noted. PR-3 addresses involving stakeholders and community groups. Add "early" to emphasize importance of that.	Policy PR-3. Engage diverse community groups and all potentially impacted stakeholders <u>early</u> in setting balanced priorities for park-related matters.	95	Agree
Saint Ant Park Commur 824 Council (inity	rks	In the Non-Regional Park and Trail Inventory, it seems misleading to use "South St. Anthony Rec. Center," because it is leased and managed by Joy of the People soccer program, and therefore, does not provide typical City programs. We encourage use of a different name or descriptor.	Y	Agree clarity would benefit plan.	Label all partnered facilities by asterisk.	105- 107	Agree

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					You are correct. The list shows only			
			Page 107: The draft does not include Northwest Como Recreation Center in its		assets owned by the City. The			
	Michael		inventory of non-regional parks and trails.		Northwest Como Rec Center is owned	Table Title on p. 105: <u>City-Owned</u> Non-		
829	Kuchta	Parks		Y	by the school district.	Regional Park and Trail Inventory	105	Agree
	Kathy Sidles		 Saint Paul and other cities long range development plans could include no loss of green space and higher density development on already paved/developed areas. 	Y	City has a no-net-loss-of-parks policy in its charter. Will add language in plan to highlight that.	Add note in Intro or sidebar that repeats language in existing plan: "One of the ways that parkland in Saint Paul is protected for future park users is the City's "no net loss" policy. This policy is a part of Saint Paul's City Charter, Section 13.01.1, and reads, "Lands which may have been heretofore acquired by any means or which may hereafter be acquired by any means for park purposes shall not be diverted to other uses or disposed of by the city. When the City Council decides that diversion or disposal of parkland is in the public interest, additional parklands must be acquired to replace the lands that are diverted, preferably within the same District Council area and of a similar nature to the diverted	97?	Agree. New text in attached "Recommended Narrative Revisions in Parks Chapter of 2040 Comprehensive Plan," dated 2/22/19.
	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Parks	30. There are several maps dealing with parks and trails, but no maps showing locations of the recreation centers and community centers. While some recreation centers are in parks, it would be helpful to see their locations in relation to each other within the city. The centers are referenced in some of the policy goals, either as rec centers or as facilities. Considering the use of various terminology would help for readership in the general public.	Y	Agree.	Revise Map P-2 to show rec centers.	101	Agree Agree. New text in attached
	Payne-Phalen		31. Page 10-: Appendix A, Map P-3: Regional Trail Search Corridor: We could find no explanation of what this name/topic meant. Is it a general corridor					"Recommended Narrative Revisions in Parks Chapter of
	Community		where the precise location of a trail hasn't been determined yet?					2040 Comprehensive Plan,"
	Council	Parks		Y	Agree.	Add description of what RTSC is.	103	dated 2/22/19.
	Payne-Phalen Community		32. Page 107: Appendix B, Non-Regional Park and Trail Inventory: This list includes parks, recreation centers and community centers, but there is no listing for Hancock Rec. Center (listed on the City website). An oversight? Two other rec centers, South St. Anthony Rec Center and the St. Clair Rec Center, are now "re-partnered" with other groups or agencies (according the city parks list), so are they going by a		The list shows only assets owned by the City. The Hancock Rec Center is owned by the school district. Should clarify title of list and indicate with an asterisk	Table Title on p. 105: <u>City-Owned</u> Non- Regional Park and Trail -Inventory. Also,	105-	
841	Council	Parks	different name?	Y	which are partnered facilities.	label all partnered facilities by asterisk.	107	Agree

			5. Bus and light rail priority. I know there are a variety of authorities and entities				
			involved with the twin cities transit system and roads. However, the City of Saint Paul				
			does have some part to play in the accessibility and efficiency of our public transit				
			systemnot to mention a bully pulpit. It makes zero sense why do dozens of ppl who				
			chose to ride a train or a bus have to wait/contend for space with individuals in single				
			occupancy vehicles. I mean there is a history of stigmatizing the users of public				
			transit/treating them like second class citizens. Let's lead the twin cities in this				
			change! Bus only lanes and LRT high prioritization at signals (should not be waiting at			Policy T-27: "land use intensity and	
			Snelling/University for cars to go by (Also Portland, Oregon has great examples of		Policy T-27 is pretty wordy, but a minor		
	Kory		this)), would go a long way in increasing ridership, reducing traffic, and re-balancing		addition could be made along these	optimization for transit, working with	
85	2 Andersen	Transportation	modes of transportation.	Y	lines	transit providers"	Agree
						Delies T 15, "Evelope fusight delivery	
						Policy T-15: "Explore freight delivery	
					The emphasis is more so on delivery	solutions that resolve loading/unloading conflicts in	
					coordination and timing, so we should	congested areas so as to support	
					mention either all of these potential	businesses and provide safety to	
					solutions or none. The language	pedestrians and road users. <u>Solutions</u>	
	District 1 Land				addition is bulky, but helps demystify	could include delivery coordination	
	Use				the uncommon umbrella term "freight	and timing, and use of smaller freight	
85		Transportation	pg. 56: T-15, add "including the use of smaller freight delivery vehicles."	Y	delivery solutions."	delivery vehicles."	Agree
	District 1 Land	•					
	Use					Crop Map T-7 to include McKnight and	
86	l Committee	Transportation	pg. 68: Show the transit lines that operate on McKnight Rd.	Y	Agree	Larpenteur	Agree
	District 1 Land						
	Use	_					
86	5 Committee	Transportation	pg. 69: Extend the arrow for Red Rock all the way to the southern border. We request you add a new "proposed transitway" that follows the alignment	Y	Agree	Amend Map T-8 as suggested	Agree
	District 1 Land		proposed in the East 7th St ABRT study and that is currently served by the 54M bus.				
	Use		This transitway is identified on pg. 6.67 of the Transportation Policy Plan under the			Add red arrow to Map T-8 on E 7th	
86		Transportation	Increased Revenue Scenario.	Y	Agree	between downtown and Arcade	Agree
	District 1 Land						
	Use		pg. 73 & 74: Show the AADT of McKnight Rd. Traffic volume is a significant factor in			Crop Maps T-12 and T-13 to include	
86	Committee	Transportation	decisions made about that road in the future.	Y	Agree	McKnight and Larpenteur	Agree
	David Sullivan-		Page 80: Dale Street Bridge over I-94 is not a potential project - it is currently a			Delete "Dale Street Bridge over I-94"	
89	l Nightengale	Transportation	planned project.	Y	Agree.	from Appendix B	Agree
						Now "oppoing" implementation	
						New "ongoing" Implementation Chapter item in Figure I-1: " <u>Transition</u>	
						City vehicle fleets to electric	
			Even though there is a policy (T-4) to develop electric vehicle infrastructure, there is		This is being addressed in the Climate	propulsion, including typical passenger	
			no policy to transition the city's fleet to electric vehicles. I want the city to take a		Adaptation and Resilience Plan. We	vehicles in the short- to medium-term,	
	Chelsea		leadership role in the transition to carbon-free energy and transportation that we all		could also address it in the	and larger vehicles and public safety	
89		Transportation	need to make. The next 20 years are a critical time for our city and our planet.	Y	Implementation Chapter.	vehicles as technology allows."	Agree

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Jean 895 Comstock	Transportation	Compliments on Policy T-4: Significantly reduce carbon emissions from motor vehicles by developing infrastructure that supports vehicle electrification. However, I would also like to see plans and a timeline for electrification of the St. Paul City's fleet (including city and police cars). If this is not the right document to address this, could you please tell me where it might be (for example, the next climate action plan)?	Y	This is being addressed in the Climate Adaptation and Resilience Plan. We could also address it in the Implementation Chapter.	New "ongoing" Implementation Chapter item in Figure I-1: " <u>Transition</u> <u>City vehicle fleets to electric</u> <u>propulsion, including typical passenger</u> <u>vehicles in the short- to-medium-term,</u> <u>and larger vehicles and public safety</u> <u>vehicles as technology allows</u> ."	Agree
903 Al Davison	Transportation	Arterial Bus Rapid Transit (aBRT) and improving frequencies on other bus routes can help support existing transit riders along with adding new riders. These bus investments that can be made in the short-term, rather than having people waiting for until the 2030-40s for better transit (such as fixed rail transit). Corridors such as West 7th need improvements to the 54 bus route immediately rather than just waiting for the Riverview Corridor streetcar to be built. The North End and the East Side need better buses; giving the buses signal priority at some traffic signals like the A-Line aBRT and Green Line light rail line can help speed up travel times.	Y	ABRT comment noted. Policy T-27 is pretty wordy, but a minor addition could be made along these lines. [See also Kory Anderson comment on T-27]	Policy T-27: "land use intensity and design, <u>increased traffic signal</u> <u>optimization for transit</u> , working with transit providers" [See also T-27 revision in response to Kory Anderson]	Agree
					Revise Policy T-39 and Policy LU-53: "such as "freeway lids" "land bridges"	
913 Tom Dimon	d Transportation	T-38&39 - support - land bridge might be a better name than freeway lid (page 58)	Y	We agree.	and"	Agree.
Saint Antho Park Community 928 Council (SAF		Redevelopment and reuse of the industrial area in the Creative Enterprise Zone carries with it the need to provide better access (Policy T-14). The proposed ten-year plan for Saint Anthony Park calls for Prior Avenue or Transfer Road to be extended to Energy Park Drive and possibly Como Avenue to make the industrial area attractive to new businesses. This would also give the Creative Enterprise Zone industrial area direct access to Highway 280 and Snelling Avenue, thus relieving traffic congestion on University Avenue, I-94, and local streets (Policy T-37). This connection should be added to Map T-14: Future Right of Way Needs and planning should be commenced in the near future. It is noted that this connection is already shown as part of the Regional Bicycle Transportation Network on Map T-4.		In fact, this connection is in an adopted plan. As a major new arterial-level street connection, we should add it to the map.	Add Prior/Transfer connection to Map T-14 as called for in the West Midway Industrial Area Plan.	Agree
Saint Antho Park Community 937 Council (SAF		7. In support of Policy T-37, evaluate whether to prohibit semi trucks for delivery to local retail establishments not located on truck routes, with consideration of the economic consequences to the retailers.	Y	This would require a separate study.	New Medium-Term Implementation Chapter item in Figure I-2: " <u>Evaluate</u> <u>how and where trucks should be</u> <u>accommodated in street and site</u> <u>design to maintain economic vitality</u> <u>while prioritizing pedestrian and</u> <u>bicyclist safety. Then revise the truck</u> <u>route map, Street Design Manual, City</u> <u>ordinances and other official policies</u> <u>accordingly.</u> "	Agree

	Saint Anthony Park Community		8. With regard to Policy T-42, we are concerned that increased ride hailing and home delivery will result in blocked bike lanes and crowded intersections. We suggest you include a policy that creates delivery and ride-sharing drop-off zones per block that			Amend Policy T-42: "Ensure that right- of-way design <u>and management</u> accounts for changing vehicle technologies and forms of use, such as automated vehicles, car-sharing, <u>curbside pickup and delivery, ride-</u>		
938	Council (SAP)	Transportation	do not obstruct bike lanes and are not too near intersections.	Y	Incorporate this concept into T-42.	hailing and ride-sharing.	/	Agree
940	Saint Anthony Park Community Council (SAP)	Transportation	10. Bike parking is mentioned in this chapter only in the context of special events. Please add a commitment to covered bike parking at or near light rail stations.					Agree
945	Saint Anthony Park Community Council (SAP)	Transportation	15. There are several issues with Map T-15. There are areas shown as key freight facilities that are no longer used for such purposes. These include the KSTP building, the former Weyerhaeuser property, and the former Case property. The map should be updated to reflect current use. Information for Raymond Ave and Energy Park Drive is out of date; the low clearance bridge icon should be removed. An icon indicating inadequate turning radius is needed at 280/University interchanges. Semis cannot make the turn to EB 94 from Franklin Ave in normal traffic.	Y		Update Map T-15 with latest land use info. If Weyerhauser still shows as Industrial, then at least change that site's designation. Add "potentially inadequate turning radii" icon to 280/Franklin intersection.		Agree

						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
						and Appendix C (Anton/Mike). 1. In		
						Appendix A, add an asterisk to the title		
						of Map T-18. In the map's legend area,		
						similar to Map T-11, add this language:		
						"*See Appendix C for Transit Market		
						Areas descriptions." 2. Add the		
						following text to Appendix C under a		
						new #6:" <u>Transit Market Areas are</u>		
						Metropolitan Council designations that		
						indicate the likely cost effectiveness of		
						transit service investments. Transit		
						Market Area I has the potential transit		
						ridership necessary to support the		
						most intensive fixed-route transit		
						service, typically providing higher		
						frequencies, longer hours, and more		
						options available outside of peak		
						periods. Market Area II can support		
						many of the same types of fixed-route		
						transit as Market Area I, although		
						usually at lower frequencies or shorter		
						service spans. Market Area III		
						primarily supports commuter express		
	Saint Anthony					bus service with some fixed-route local		
	Park					service providing basic coverage.		
	Community		16. Map T-18 plots Transit Market Areas, but these are not defined in the Plan. There			Market Area IV can support peak-		
946	Council (SAP)	Transportation	is no reference point for readers to understand what the map implies.	Y	Agree	period express bus services if a	ŀ	Agree
						Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"		
						to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-		
					It is not appropriate to remove parking	XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>		
					minimums as part of the 2040	devoted to off-street parking in order		
					Comprehensive Plan work. However,	to use land more efficiently,		
						accommodate increases in density on		
					city-wide parking study and will add the	valuable urban land, and promote the		
			 LU-13 Change "reduce parking minimums" to "eliminate". Especially pertinent for 		elimination of parking minimums to the			
953	Karen Allen	Transportation	small multi-family residences (duplex up to 'missing middle' style buildings)	Y	study.	mobility modes.	ŀ	Agree

		 Goal 3, involving freight and especially truck freight, should place more emphasis on moving truck traffic away from routes on walkable and bikeable urban streets. These 		The Street Design Manual (SDM) provides guidance, but staff agrees it is reactive to existing truck traffic and not proactive about exploring ways to move large truck design	-		
		trucks have difficult geometry and immense mass, which makes them especially deadly in the event of a crash and they often necessitate street designs (like "Slip		accommodations away from pedestrians and bikes. The SDM, it	while prioritizing pedestrian and bicyclist safety. Then revise the truck		
Saint Paul		turns") that are inherently unfriendly to bicycles and pedestrians. Pedestrian and		should be noted, discourages slip turns.			
Bicycle		bicycle friendly street areas should be served by smaller and more maneuverable		Staff believes this warrants a full	ordinances and other official policies		
, Coalition	Transportation	vans and other solutions.	Y	separate study.		211	Agree
Saint Paul Bicycle Coalition	Transportation	• Policy T-28 should encourage bike racks or other secure bike parking at multimodal hubs.	Y	Bike parking near LRT was intended to	Amend Policy T-28 "Facilitate intermodal trips at mobility hubs (where transportation modes convene- or intersect walking, biking, public transit, ridesharing and carsharing are intentionally designed to connect) by providing enhanced security, lighting, information, <u>shelter, placemaking,</u> comfort and convenience."		Agree
Shannon O'Toole	Transportation	Lastly, the suggestions that Ayd Mill Road should be connected to I-94 on pages 75 and 80 were noticed. Please go back to the suggestions made when Randy Kelly wanted to connect Ayd Mill Road to I-94 - most people wanted a bike and pedestrian way with the stream recovered. What a great and futuristic way to improve the bike, pedestrian, and water resources of the city! The last thing we need is another freeway abutting District 16. Improve the I-35E - I-94 westbound connection downtown if that is needed and close down Ayd Mill Road to automobile traffic.	Y	-	Change title of Map T-14 to " <u>Potential</u> <u>Future Right-of-Way Connections.</u> " Change labels to " <u>Ayd Mill Corridor,"</u> <u>"Kittson Corridor," and "Pierce Butler</u> <u>Corrido</u> r."		Agree. In addition, add a note to Map T-14 that says: <u>Mode</u> <u>type(s) and right-of-way design</u> <u>will be determined through</u> <u>future study.</u>

Jessa				The current draft of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan already supports a diversity of housing choice and densities within the city's Urban Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H- 16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of the Comprehensive Plan does not make these policies law, but it does set the stage for subsequent zoning studies that may recommend allowing multi- family units in single-family zoning districts. To further support this work, the City Council in June 2018 requested (RES 18-1204) that the Planning Commission conduct a zoning study to allow triplexes and fourplexes in single- family zoning districts. This work will begin after adoption of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed in Figure I-1 in the Implementation Chapter. It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study			
Anderson-		We should follow the Minneapolis 2040 plan and relax government restrictions on		and will add the elimination of parking	use of transit and other non-car		
972 Reitz	Transportation	multi-family housing throughout the city and eliminate parking requirements.	Y	minimums to the study.	mobility modes.	A	Agree

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					The current draft of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan already supports a		
					diversity of housing choice and		
					densities within the city's Urban		
					Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-		
					16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of		
					the Comprehensive Plan does not make		
					these policies law, but it does set the		
					stage for subsequent zoning studies		
					that may recommend allowing multi-		
					family units in single-family zoning		
					districts. To further support this work,		
					the City Council in June 2018 requested		
					(RES 18-1204) that the Planning		
					Commission conduct a zoning study to		
					allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-		
					family zoning districts. This work will		
					begin after adoption of the 2040		
					Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"	
					in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-	
					Chapter. It is not appropriate to	XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>	
					remove parking minimums as part of	devoted to off-street parking in order	
					the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work.	to use land more efficiently,	
					However, PED staff are currently	accommodate increases in density on	
			The single most effective way the city can influence increasing the supply of housing		working on a city-wide parking study	valuable urban land, and promote the	
			is to change zoning laws (allow for duplexes, triplexes, townhomes, and the "missing		and will add the elimination of parking	use of transit and other non-car	
977	Kody Sherlund	Transportation	middle" in general) and to promote infill without minimum parking requirements.	Y	minimums to the study.	mobility modes.	Agree
			I hope the City of St. Paul will plan as part of its vision to focus on the destruction of				
			our roadways and environment by excessive salt use. We are very destructive as we		Covered directly by policy WR-17 and	Revise the second T-34: "Pursue	
			bomb our roads with salt in the winter and then spend thousands of dollars repairing		indirectly by WR-16. Could also add	fiscally-and environmentally-	
			the damage in the spring, summer and fall. This process also contributes to climate		"environmental sustainability" concept	sustainable models for equitably	
			change with the large amounts of fuel consumed by our trucks, all the oil consumed		(including salt use) to existing	maintaining transportation	
980	Barry Reisch	Transportation	in repaving and repairing roads, etc.	Y	maintenance policy.	infrastructure"	Agree
			Map T-14 Future Right of way needs: this map is concerning as the two larger				
			corridors of identified need occur in ACP50 portions of the city and all 3 cut through		The map shows future ROW - it does		
			valuable industrial land and park space. I hope the city takes serious consideration		not dictate design, which could be a	Change title of Map T-14 to "Potential	
			into the damage these high traffic corridors would do not only to the tax base in Saint		bike/pedestrian way as suggested.	Future Right-of-Way Connections".	
			Paul but also to the community impact of barriers that corridors like these can create		Design will be done through future	Change labels to " <u>Ayd Mill Corridor,"</u>	
			in addition to the health disparities by putting more people in proximity to high traffic		study. Some language change is	"Kittson Corridor," and "Pierce Butler	
989	Jeff Zaayer	Transportation	corridors.		appropriate to ensure clarity.	Corridor."	 Agree

Cory 992 Zwiefelhofer	Transportation	2. Eliminating parking minimums altogether needs to become public policy;		It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
		Parking minimums should be eliminated from Saint Paul's zoning code. Establishing artificial floors on the number of parking spaces that a development must provide increases the cost of development and ultimately rent or businesses and residents,		It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u> <u>devoted to off-street parking in order</u> <u>to use land more efficiently,</u> <u>accommodate increases in density on</u> <u>valuable urban land, and promote the</u>	
995 Jake Reuter	Transportation	regardless of whether or not they need the parking.	Y	study.	mobility modes.	Agree

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					The current draft of the 2040			
					Comprehensive Plan already supports a			
					diversity of housing choice and			
					densities within the city's Urban			
					Neighborhoods (e.g. LU-33, LU-34, H-			
					16, H-36, H-46 and H-48). Adoption of			
					the Comprehensive Plan does not make			
					these policies law, but it does set the			
					stage for subsequent zoning studies			
					that may recommend allowing multi-			
					family units in single-family zoning			
					districts. To further support this work,			
					the City Council in June 2018 requested			
					(RES 18-1204) that the Planning			
					Commission conduct a zoning study to			
					allow triplexes and fourplexes in single-			
					family zoning districts. This work will			
					begin after adoption of the 2040			
					Comprehensive Plan, and will be listed	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums"		
					in Figure I-1 in the Implementation	to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU-		
					Chapter. It is not appropriate to	XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u>		
					remove parking minimums as part of	devoted to off-street parking in order		
					the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work.	to use land more efficiently,		
			I think this comprehensive plan should recognize the negative impact that exclusively		However, PED staff are currently	accommodate increases in density on		
			zoning for single family homes has done to our city and allow for multi family		working on a city-wide parking study	valuable urban land, and promote the		
			dwellings throughout the entire city, increase where mixed-use buildings are allowed,		and will add the elimination of parking	use of transit and other non-car		
998	Philip Bussey	Transportation	and remove parking minimums.	Y	minimums to the study.	mobility modes.		Agree
						New Implementation Chapter item in		
					The Street Design Manual provides	Figure I-2: " <u>Evaluate how and where</u>		
					guidance, but staff agrees it is reactive	trucks should be accommodated in		
					to existing truck traffic and not	street and site design to maintain		
					proactive about exploring ways to	economic vitality while prioritizing		
			Ensure that policy T-14 does not conflict with policy T-3; freight corridors are also		move large truck accommodations	pedestrian and bicyclist safety. Then		
			used by cyclists and pedestrians, and their safety as vulnerable users should be		away from pedestrians and bikes. The	revise the truck route map, Street		
	Brendan		prioritized in all Saint Paul streets. Streets can be both safe and commercially		SDM, it should be noted, discourages	Design Manual, City ordinances and		
1001	O'Shea	Transportation	productive.	Y	slip turns.	other official policies accordingly."		

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1006	Michael Healy	Transportation	The plan looks great except for one major flaw. It needs to be amended to call for the elimination of minimum off-street parking requirements, at least for commercial and industrial businesses and possibly some types of residential development as well. The policy goal could be formatted as something along the lines of "The City will eliminate minimum parking requirements for commercial and industrial properties and explore the elimination or reduction of minimum parking requirements for residential properties."	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	
1007	Michael Healy	Transportation	The usefulness of minimum parking requirements has been thoroughly debunked and they have very little support these days from anyone who takes the issue seriously. The requirements are even starting to lose support in rural areas and amongst conservatives, despite their "pro-car" attitudes, because minimum parking requirements are anti-business and flat-out don't work well. Minimum parking requirements represent an unnecessary and heavy-handed "big government" intervention into the marketplace which attempts to solve a problem that doesn't even exist. Most businesses that need parking are going to build parking as they won't be able to get bank financing otherwise. Developers will build the type of parking that they need to build to keep their tenants happy. The free market will figure parking out and 99% of the time will do a better job than the zoning code's arbitrary parking requirements. Cities kill or hurt good projects all the time by making an arbitrary determination that "there isn't enough parking." The business then either has to try to get a variance (costly, time-consuming, and prone to sabotage by neighborhood groups and other businesses) or has to buy up neighboring properties to bulldoze them and put up more parking. More often than not, this results in an oversized parking lot that sits at least partially empty most of the time. Also, the City loses the tax base from the buildings that had to be bulldozed to create the parking.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	
1008	Michael Healy	Transportation	Parking costs of lot of money to build. Building unnecessary extra parking stalls (surplus stalls built just to please the City) drives up the cost of development. Structured parking generally ends up costing somewhere between \$20,000-\$30,000 per parking stall. Surface parking is cheaper (but still not cheap) but it eats up a ton of land and makes a neighborhood uglier and less walkable. Nobody wins when there is "too much" parking, both the property owner and the City are losers in that situation. It doesn't seem reasonable to talk about wanting development and housing to be "affordable" but then turn around and impose unnecessary mandates that drive up development costs and make everything less affordable. Developers are going to build parking if their project needs parking. There's no benefit in having the City require even more parking beyond what the free market is already providing, especially when our stated goal is encouraging people to drive less and consider using transit or active transportation.	Y	PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	

3: Change "minimums" d City-wide Policy LU- amount of land street parking in order re efficiently, ncreases in density on land, and promote the nd other non-car	Agree
3: Change "minimums" d City-wide Policy LU- amount of land street parking in order re efficiently, ncreases in density on land, and promote the nd other non-car	Agree
3: Change "minimums" d City-wide Policy LU- amount of land street parking in order re efficiently, ncreases in density on land, and promote the nd other non-car	Agree

1009 Michael Healy	Transportation	Minimum parking requirements have caused immense harm to American cities since their widespread adoption in the 1960's. None of Saint Paul's most interesting/walkable neighborhoods would be allowed to be built today because of minimum parking requirements. Selby/Dale, Grand Avenue, Snelling/Selby, and all of the cute little streetcar nodes fail to have "enough" parking under the code and would not be allowed to be built in 2018.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
1010 Michael Healy	Transportation	It would be a huge missed opportunity if we failed to include this goal in our 2040 plan. Honestly, I don't think its possible to achieve any of the other goals regarding walkability, housing affordability, increased transit usage, etc. if this issue isn't addressed. By 2040, most cities aren't going to have minimum parking requirements, everything is moving in that direction. Saint Paul has an opportunity to be a leader in this. Please, let's get some language in our comprehensive plan!	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However,	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree
1027 Michael Sonn	Transportation	We should be discussing eliminating parking minimums city-wide.	Y	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the	Edit Policy LU-13: Change "minimums" to " <u>overall</u> ." Add City-wide Policy LU- XX. <u>Reduce the amount of land</u> <u>devoted to off-street parking in order</u> <u>to use land more efficiently,</u> <u>accommodate increases in density on</u> <u>valuable urban land, and promote the</u>	Agree
Andrew 1034 Singer	Transportation	Then you don't define "equity". Do you mean "equity between modes" (bike, pedestrian, transit, car)?or do you mean racial equity as in "we have to prioritize this project because it's in a largely Hmong or African American neighborhood"? This is important because, as written, "Safety and equity" are more important than "maintenance" or the age of a given piece of infrastructure.	Ŷ		Amend T-1 to read: Prioritize safety and racial and social equity benefits in project selection, followed by support	Agree
Andrew 1044 Singer	Transportation	Policy T-13, break into two sentences so it reads: "When street design changes involve the potential loss of on-street parking spaces, prioritize safety for all transportation modes. Explore mitigation of lost spaces where feasible."	Y		Policy T-13, break into two sentences so it reads: "When street design changes involve the potential loss of on-street parking spaces, prioritize safety for all transportation modes. Explore mitigation of lost spaces where feasible." Policy T-15: "support businesses and	Agree
Andrew 1046 Singer	Transportation	Policy T-15, add the words "and provide safety to pedestrians, cyclists and other road users."	Y		provide safety to pedestrians <u>, bicyclists</u> and <u>other</u> road users."	Agree

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1047	Andrew Singer	Transportation	In general, GOAL 3 lacks any discussion of truck routes, or what priority is going to be given to trucks on the arterial and collector streets that Ramsey County or MnDOT have decided are truck routes and need to be designed with wider lanes, no bumpouts, and slip turns for higher-speed truck turning radii. These streets, like Seventh and Snelling are among the most dangerous for pedestrians and cyclists in our city, and a lot of this has to do with their design. Not only are these streets three and four lanes but they are three and four lanes that are designed for high speeds and larger turning radii. Other than Map T-15, Policy T-35 is the only place in the plan where truck route consolidation/identification is talked about and only in the context of pavement condition. It should also be discussed in the context of how designing for trucks impacts the safety of non-motorized users.	The Street Design Manual provides guidance, but staff agrees it is reactive to existing truck traffic and not proactive about exploring ways to move large truck accommodations away from pedestrians and bikes. The SDM, it should be noted, discourages slip turns.	New Implementation Chapter item in Figure I-2: " <u>Evaluate how and where</u> <u>trucks should be accommodated in</u> <u>street and site design to maintain</u> <u>economic vitality while prioritizing</u> <u>pedestrian and bicyclist safety. Then</u> <u>revise the truck route map, Street</u> <u>Design Manual, City ordinances and</u> <u>other official policies accordingly</u> ."	Agree
1057	Andrew Singer	Transportation	Maps T-14 and T-16: I am totally opposed to the "Ayd Mill Road Redevelopment Project" mentioned in Map T-14 "Future Right of Way Needs" and in Appendix B. No where in the plan is this project spelled out. This road was unilaterally and illegally connected at the south end by former mayor Randy Kelly, over community opposition and without a supplemental Environmental Impact Statement. To include it in a city comprehensive plan without proper public review is illegal and contrary to the notion of "public planning." Mayor Norm Coleman's task force on Ayd Mill Road chose a "Linear Park" option as did the Lexington-Hamline and Snelling-Hamline Community Councils. The Merriam Park Community Council selected "No Build". Yet, since 1960, your agency and the city's elected officials keep trying to ram through an Ayd Mill highway connection from I-35 to I-94 over public opposition. It's much the same thing with the Pierce Butler and Kittson Extensions (referenced in Map T-14 and T-16). While other cities are tearing down urban freeways, redeveloping the land, and making money by doing so, Saint Paul is proposing to build new highways. It's byzantine, automobile-addicted thinking of the highest order. How can the Transportation Chapter of this plan state that it prioritizes maintenance, pedestrians and all its other lofty goals when it is planning more roadways that will further divide and segment our communities, increase maintenance costs and Vehicle Miles Traveled, and remove valuable land from possible residential, retail or industrial development?	The map shows future ROW - it does not dictate design, which could be a bike/pedestrian way as suggested. Design will be done through future study. Some language change is appropriate to ensure clarity.	Change title of Map T-14 to " <u>Potential</u> <u>Future Right-of-Way Connections.</u> " Change labels to " <u>Ayd Mill Corridor,"</u> <u>"Kittson Corridor," and "Pierce Butler</u> <u>Corrido</u> r."	Agree. In addition, add a note to Map T-14 that says: <u>Mode</u> <u>type(s) and right-of-way design</u> <u>will be determined through</u> <u>future study.</u>
1058	Peter Berglund	Transportation	In support of 2040 Comp Plan Transportation Goal No. 4 to shift away from single- occupant vehicles: (Limit parking and you limit cars) If new development brings more housing but doesn't limit the number of new cars, we're going to have more serious traffic congestion. As I understand the city's policies, a new apartment building must provide a minimum of off-street parking spaces. While increased density is good for mass transit, if more density brings more cars, the buses won't be able to function on streets choked with cars. Some say put the new multifamily housing at major intersections to better connect with transit. However, new apartment buildings may result in the same number of cars regardless of their location.	It is not appropriate to remove parking minimums as part of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan work. However, PED staff are currently working on a city-wide parking study and will add the elimination of parking minimums to the study.	devoted to off-street parking in order to use land more efficiently, accommodate increases in density on valuable urban land, and promote the	Agree

Senior citizens, college students and many young adults are happy to live without cars, so there should be a market for such housing. We've been told at a meeting on the Ford site that it can cost \$10,000 or more for each parking stall within a	Edit Policy LU-13 to " <u>overall</u> ." Add XX. <u>Reduce the a</u> <u>devoted to off-st</u> <u>to use land more</u> accommodate in
Peter multifamily apartment building. If the developers can reduce the number of parking Y Comment acknowledged 1060 Berglund Transportation stalls, these savings could be passed on to the new tenants. Y Comment acknowledged	valuable urban la use of transit and mobility modes.
	<u>mobility modes.</u>
	Revise Map T-8 I
	Transitways:
	o The Marshall/S
	transitway red a
	to University. It
	from Marshall/Si (or vice versa), th
	extension of the
	Lake/Marshall.
b. Economic growth and population growth should most definitely be focused around	o Extend Red Ro
transit. But the transit lines that currently exists in many parts of St. Paul, parts of	along 61 to City
District 5 among them, does not in all cases serve the needs of the populations that	o Add an east-w
are most transit-dependent. Ideally transit service would be provided to the places	Maryland Ave be
where residents are most in need (dependency) and the places with the most	o Add a north-so
capacity (potential for economic growth) rather than just where service has	White Bear Ave
historically been offered by Metro Transit. In other words, there are large swaths of Equity is a priority per Policy T-1. Co	
the population (particularly in ACPs) that are not well-served by existing transit lines.also update the future transit map toThat being the case, these populations are in danger of losing out on economicadd more transitways with equity	o Add a red arro downtown and A
Payne-Phalen growth if "transit" is not more precisely spelled out. Calling out the inherent benefits, including red arrows on	o Add an east-we
Community economic need for providing reliable, equitable transit service to such communities Maryland in D5 and on E 7th Street ju	
1061 Council Transportation would be hugely beneficial in helping to raise those populations out of poverty. Y south of D5.	

3: Change "minimums" d City-wide Policy LU- <u>amount of land</u> <u>street parking in order</u> <u>re efficiently,</u> <u>ncreases in density on</u> <u>land, and promote the</u> <u>nd other non-car</u>	Agree
Planned/Potential	
Selby proposed	
arrow should not go up	
t should be an arrow	
Snelling to downtown	
that reads as an	
e planned transitway on	
ock's red arrow south	
border.	
vest red arrow on	
etween Como/Phalen.	
outh red arrow on	
between I-94 and	
ow on E 7th.between	
Arcade.	
vest red arrow on	
een W 7th and Snelling.	
	Agree

						Revise Map T-8 so that: 1. The Marshall/Selby proposed transitway red arrow should not go up to University. It should be an arrow from Marshall/Snelling to downtown (or	
						vice-versa) that reads as an extension of the planned transitway on Lake/Marshall. 2. Extend Red Rock's	
						red arrow south along 61 to city border. 3. Add an east-west red arrow on Maryland between Como/Phalen.	
			14. Page 36, Transportation: Not all of the city's current transit lines are well-placed		General concept of this comment has been fleshed out by an inter-	4. Add a north-south red arrow on White Bear between I-94 and Larpenteur. 5. Add a red arrow on E	
	Payne-Phalen Community Council	Transportation	to serve transit-dependent communities. An increased investment in service to transit- dependent communities so that transit investments are more likely to service the populations who actually need it. See comments above.		departmental work team focused on Arterial BRT, but encompassing all potential transitway improvements.	7th between downtown and Arcade. 6. Add an east-west red arrow on Randolph between W 7th and Snelling.	Agree
							0
					We currently mention downtown in a "such as" clause. Business/industrial		
					parks could easily be added to the "such as" statement, as could 3M and U of M. No meaning is lost by deleting		
					"downtown," and this change avoids loading up a very word-dense policy		
			24. Page 55: Policy T-1: Industrial Parks and Business Parks (i.e. Phalen Corridor, West Side Flats, and Energy Park) should be included as a group or a type because these are		with even more words. This change - removing the downtown emphasis - is also appropriate given E Metro Strong's		
	Payne-Phalen Community		key job centers too – especially for residents that are not necessarily working in the professional sector of the economy. (see related comments in the Land Use section			Revise Policy T-1: "connection of residents to job centers such as	
	Council Payne-Phalen	Transportation	above). b. On a smaller note, the legibility of the map might be improved by making the highest concentrations red (a hot color that pops out) and the lowest level a cool	Y	future.	downtown . Priorities will"	Agree
	Community	-	color (like blue or green) that recedes. Either way, the heat map concept is the way				A
1077	Council	Transportation	to go. Well done!	Y	ОК	Change colors on Map T-5 for legibility.	Agree
					Recent research, released by some of the same original researchers, reverses		
					the previous understanding that		
					millennials lack cars more than previous generations. A correction or		
1000	Pill Dormodu	Transportation	Delete sidebar on p56. Re-use photo if possible.		deletion is required. This takes the main punch out of the sidebar.	Delete sidebar on p56. Re-use photo if	Agroo
1002	bill Derniouy	Transportation		I		possible.	Agree

1084 Bill Derr	mody <mark>Transp</mark>	portation	Update ped crash data for p55 sidebar.	Y	Hopefully, 2018 data will be available soon (only available to Oct 2018). 2017 is still an improvement over the 2016 data currently there.	Revise sidebar on p55: "In Saint Paul in 2016 <u>2017</u> , there were 314 <u>305</u> vehicular crashes involving pedestrians and bicyclists alone, including 4 <u>5</u> fatalities and 242 <u>240</u> injuries (163 <u>161</u> requiring hospital attention).		Agree
				Ň		Renumber Transportation policies to	50	A
1085 Bill Derr	mody Transp	portation	There are two policies labeled T-34.	Y		avoid repetitions.	58	Agree
1086 Bill Derr	mody Transp	portation	Staff realized that the Kittson line is too long on Map T-14.	Y	It was a carryover from the 2030 Comp Plan, which was completed prior to the 52/I-94 interchange project that clarified the likely Kittson scope.	Revise Map T-14 so that the Kittson Corridor extends only from E 7th Street to Lafayette.		Agree
1087 Bill Derr	mody Transp		Staff realized that the Street Design Manual refers to the truck routes map in the Comp Plan, which is not in the current draft.	Y	The map should be included to allow continued utility of the SDM for truck design. Adding to the Comp Plan is considerably easier than creating a workaround within the SDM.	Add latest truck routes from Public Works to Map T-15. See Figure T-1 from 2030 Comp Plan for potential formatting.		Agree
1088 Bill Derr	mody Transp		Staff recognized that Map T-14 (Future ROW) has no bike/pedestrian/transit priorities. This somewhat ties into comments above about how Ayd Mill extension should not have cars.	Y	The various transitways' ROW acquisitions are looking to be minor - no new corridor is being created. Also, there are various minor bike/pedestrian connections needed that clearly are not equivalent to the road version of "arterials." These connections are more appropriate for area plans and modal plans. However, the one bike/transit ROW that could be considered to rise to the Comp Plan level is the Ford Spur.	Add Ford Spur to Map T-14.		Agree
1000 811 8 611				•				1.5.00

						
						For Map T-4: - Pl
						"Proposed Regio
						Corridor" to "Pro
						Bicycle Transport
						Search Corridor",
						symbol from hato
						blue.
						- Add the trail cor
					Man T 4 should be the DDTN man and	for P-3 to this ma
					Map T-4 should be the RBTN map, and Map P-3 should be the Trails map.	Regional Bicycle Network (RBTN) S
					There will be significant overlap in	giving Map T-4 a
			As Map P-3 was being updated based on public comment, it became apparent to staff		geography, but with two different	corridors.
1089	Bill Dermody	Transportation	that parallel updates would be needed to Map T-4.	Y	subjects and purposes.	corndors.
1005	Sin Bernouy	ranoportation		•		
					Staff have discussed this idea	
					previously. However, there are	
					practical difficulties to replacing	Add a short-term
			Adopt a no net loss of wetland policy in Saint Paul. We have lost much of our		wetlands in Saint Paul, namely a lack of	Implementation (
			wetland. Wetland lost in Saint Paul should be mitigate in Saint Paul. Wetland lost in		suitable locations and publicly-owned	study to explore t
1091	Tom Dimond	Water	the National Park should be replaced in the National Park.	Y	land where wetlands can be recreated.	net loss" of wetla
1105	Saint Anthony Park Community Council (SAP) Saint Anthony	Water	Policy WR-8 deals only with gains and losses of ground water. The legacy and extent of industrial contamination in our District is evident in the map on p.94 of the Appendix to the City of Saint Paul's 2017 Stormwater Permit Annual Report. MPCA has identified sources of perchloroethylene and trichloroethylene in the soil and ground water. These compounds move with ground water and vapors can enter buildings, similar to radon. A detailed map of ground water elevations and flow directions is needed to evaluate risk to public health in nearby residences and businesses. It also is possible that the shallow, perched ground water body in this area may impact water in the storm sewer via I&I. This industrial area, and potentially others in the City, should be targeted for investigation with a new Priority under Goal 1 or 3.		Policy WR-8 addresses groundwater supply. However, groundwater quality is also an important issue, and in the context of the comment is related to brownfield issues. Re-establishment of the City's Brownfields Working Group should be an identified action item in the Implementation Chapter.	Add a short-term <u>establish the City</u> <u>Brownfields Worl</u> on groundwater o
	Park		In the first paragraph in the Inflow and Infiltration sidebar, the word "plans" in the			
	Community		phrase "overload treatment plans and cause bypass events" seems to be missing a			
1108	Council (SAP)	Water	"t".	Y	Comment acknowledged.	Change "plans" to
						Add a new Policy
	Daving Dhalas		We think it may also be important to mention equity specifically as it relates to			Apply an equity le
	Payne-Phalen		We think it may also be important to mention equity specifically as it relates to			funding decisions
	Community Council	Water	various aspects of water resources management (resiliency/flood management, green infrastructure, surface water quality).	Y	ОК	water quality and resiliency.
1113	Council	Walci	Breen nin astructure, surrace water quality).	I		resiliency.

Please change the label	
onal Trail Search	
oposed Regional	
rtation Network (RBTN)	
", and change its	
tched red to hatched	
orridor Mike requested	
hap, but as a "Proposed	
e Transportation	
) Search Corridor",	
a total of two such	
	Agree
	Agree
m item to the	
n Chapter: <u>Conduct a</u>	
e the feasibility of a "no	A
lands policy.	Agree
m item to Figure I-5: <u>Re-</u>	
ty's inter-departmental	
orking Group to focuys	
r quality.	Agree
to "plants."	Agree
cy WR-XX under Goal 3:	 <u> </u>
lens to policy and	
ns relating to surface	
nd flooding/climate_	
	Agree
	1 BICC

					WR-12 refers to system maintenance		
					and upgrade priorities already		
					identified by Saint Paul Regional Water		
					Services. While in general there is a		
					strong connection between surface and		
					drinking water quality, the connection		
					is much less direct within Saint Paul,		
					where the drinking water is sourced		
			45. Page 182: Policies WR-12 and WR-16 seem closely related from a both practical		outside of Saint Paul. As such, it is not		
			sense as well as a fiscal prioritization. Additional details and information (from allied		clear what value such a map overlaying		
			documents) would be helpful to include herein. We recommend that a map would be		identified distribution network		
			created that lays out the "opportunity" sites and projects across the city; something		upgrades with surface water quality		
			akin to Map LU-3 in the Land Use Chapter that defines "Opportunity Sites." When it		would bring. However, in regard to WR-		
	Payne-Phalen		comes to the very practical business of funding actual improvement projects it will be		16, a map of known surface water	Include a map of known surface water	
	Community	Mator.	critical to be able to assess the entire constellation needs citywide against the merits	Y	impairments could be useful in	impairments (303(d)/305(b)) in Saint	Agroo
1119	Council	Water	and costs of particular projects as they are programmed.	Y	identifying and tracking needs.	Paul in the WR Chapter.	Agree
			46. Page 183: The sidebar entitled "Water is All Around Us" is great! From a				
			format/legibility perspective, it should be located at the beginning of the chapter				
			since it is a better overview that will help the public understand the need for and				
			purpose of having a comprehensive water management strategy. The relevance and				
	Payne-Phalen		understanding of the two sidebars and three principals that precede this (SSGI, BMP,				
	Community		and MIDS) will be better understood if the context information offered in "Water is				
1121	Council	Water	All Around Us" comes first in the sequence.	Y	Agree.	Move sidebar from p. 183 to p. 181.	Agree
			52. Page 189, map WR-3: Ditto the general public education/engagement comments				
			above for MapWR-3. In addition: On the legend:				
			a. BMPS should be spelled out.				
			 b. Outfalls need to be explained. What are they? c. Watershed boundaries are too light to be readable. 				
			d. The color for Green Infrastructure BMPs is too close to the color of storm sewer				
			pipes for their location to be read optimally (i.e. Is that a GI-BMP at Payne and			Revise Map WR-3 to address ad. For	
			Minnehaha?)			e., bring to the City's Water Resources	
	Payne-Phalen		e. Wouldn't it be great if SPPS teachers, parents or community ed leaders could			Working Group to discuss how Saint	
	Community		educate children about stormwater run-off by asking them to locate their house, the		The map will be amended for greater	Paul Public Schools can be involved in	
		Water	closest storm drain and chart the path out to the nearest surface water?	Y	clarity.	stormwater education.	Agree
						Add text to p. 190 that provides more	
	Payne-Phalen		53. Page 190, Local Surface Water Management Plan: Two thirds of the page is empty			information on the content of the	
	Community		and calling out for a little more information for those who may never go to the			Local Surface Water Management	
1131	Council	Water	trouble of looking up the actual appendix document.	Y	ОК	Plan.	Agree